Selected Economic Indicators Analysis on External Sector Developments

> Foreign Trade

According to preliminary data released by Iran's Customs Administration, the value of exports through Customs (excluding natural gas condensate) amounted to \$25.9 billion in the first six months of 1404 (April-September 2025), indicating an increase of 0.8 percent compared with April-September 2024. On the other hand, the value of imports through Customs decreased by 12.9 percent to \$28.4 billion. Moreover, the weight of exports through Customs (excluding natural gas condensate) increased by 6.7 percent to 75.0 million tons, and that of imports rose by 2.7 percent to 18.8 million tons in April-September 2025 compared with April-September 2024. Accordingly, the price of each ton of exported goods fell by 5.5 percent and that of each ton of imported goods declined by 15.2 percent in April-September 2025 as compared with April-September 2024.

> External Debt (Actual Obligations)

The balance of the external debt of the country amounted to \$5.4 billion in September 2025, up by 10.7 percent compared with end-Esfand 1403 (March 2025). Out of the total amount of debt, \$3.5 billion (64.6 percent) was in the form of short-term debt and \$1.9 billion (35.4 percent) was related to medium- and long-term debt. On this basis, the share of the short-term debt out of the total external debt increased by 0.9 percentage point in September 2025 as compared with March 2025.

> Exchange Rate

In Shahrivar 1404 (September 2025), each US dollar was exchanged in the unofficial market at an average rate of 1,005.0 thousand Iranian rials, indicating an increase of 9.8 percent compared with Mordad 1404 (August 2025). Meanwhile, the telegraphic transfer (TT) selling rate of each US dollar exchanged in Iran Center for Exchange of Currency and Gold¹ and the rate of each US dollar against the Iranian rial exchanged via Iran Center for Exchange of Currency and Gold rose by 0.1 percent compared with August 2025, amounting to 698.8 thousand rials and 719.8 thousand rials, respectively, in September 2025. The continued conditions of uncertainty as regards Iran's external relations and the triggering of the snapback mechanism, along with the imposition of relevant sanctions, were the most important factors affecting the surge in the exchange rate in the unofficial market in September 2025 compared with August 2025.

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¹ www.ice.ir