# No. 58 Third Quarter 1388

(2009/2010)

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### **SYMBOLS**

Negligible fraction Figures not available Figures are estimated Figures are provisional More than 500 percent increase ▣ Figures are revised The figure is not a significant decimal fraction Calculation of percentage change is not possible θ Figure has been rounded 0 Percentage change has been calculated from round figures **FYDP** Five-Year Development Plan

Published in: July 2010

# In the Name of God, The Compassionate, The Merciful

# **Key Economic Indicators**

Population and Labor Force (1388)	
Population (1) (million)	73.6
Urban	52.3
Rural	21.3
Population Growth	1.5 percent
Population Density	44.7 per Sq Km
Active Population (1388, Q3)	23.6 million
Unemployment Rate (1388, Q3)	11.3 percent
Literacy Rate <sup>(2)</sup> (1387):	
6 years and over	86.9 percent
6-29 years	95.6 percent

- (1) Figures related to population (urban and rural) are preliminary.
- (2) President Deputy for Strategic Planning and Control

Real Sector (1387, Q2)	
GDP Growth (1376=100)	
Oil	2.3 percent
Non-oil	2.7 percent
GDP Growth (4 <sup>th</sup> FYDP target) (1381=100)	
Average Period	8.0 percent
1387	8.4 percent
Performance of 1387, Q2 (current prices; billion	on Rls.)
GDP (at basic price)	1,065,946
Gross Fixed Capital Formation	263,354
Private Consumption Expenditures	350,807
Public Consumption Expenditures	114,765

External Sector (Nine months, 1388) (million US\$)								
Current Account Balance	8,314							
Trade Balance	16,037							
Exports	63,473							
Imports (FOB)	47,437							
Total External Debt (end of period)	22,148							
Exchange Rate (IRR/US\$) Interbank Market (average)	Rls. 9,897							

Monetary Sector (Nine months, 1388) (growth rate, percent)								
Liquidity (M2)	14.2							
Money (M1)	-3.5							
Quasi-money	21.0							
Non-public Sector Deposits	16.4							

Government Fiscal Position (1388, Q3)(billion Rls.)										
Revenue	123,311.4									
Expense	118,435.6									
Disposal of Non-financial Assets	27,283.2									
Acquisition of Non-financial Assets	56,527.8									
Net Lending / Borrowing	22,362.5									

Inflation Rate (1383=100)	
Twelve-month performance (ending Azar, 1388)	13.5 percent
4 <sup>th</sup> FYDP target: (1381=100)	
Average Period	9.9 percent
1388	6.8 percent

Tehran Stock Exchange (1388	Tehran Stock Exchange (1388, Q3)									
Share Price Index (end of period)	11,274.9									
Value of Shares Traded	Rls. 107,004.0 billion									
Number of Shares Traded	33,412.0 million									

# National Accounts (at Current Prices) (1)

(billion rials)

	GDP at	Non-oil -			Sectoral va	lue-added			
	basic price <sup>(2)</sup>	GDP	Oil	Agriculture	Industries & mining (3)	Manufacturing & mining	Construction	Services	
			(Figu	ures in parentheses inc	dicate share percent)				
1384	1,854,711	1,332,592	522,119	171,811	323,716	223,947	74,670	886,024	
	(100.0)	(71.8)	(28.2)	(9.3)	(17.5)	(12.1)	(4.0)	(47.8)	
1385□	2,260,530	1,647,317	613,213	207,037	396,979	272,182	92,746	1,097,05	
	(100.0)	(72.9)	(27.1)	(9.2)	(17.6)	(12.0)	(4.1)	(48.5)	
1386□	2,890,347	2,084,361	805,986	267,679	528,389	339,201	152,095	1,355,09	
	(100.0)	(72.1)	(27.9)	(9.3)	(18.3)	(11.7)	(5.3)	(46.9)	
1387									
1386□:									
Q2	794,713	610,639	184,073	146,000	130,720	79,721	41,462	348,779	
	(100.0)	(76.8)	(23.2)	(18.4)	(16.4)	(10.0)	(5.2)	(43.9)	
Q3	737,462	522,240	215,221	60,923	136,006	85,886	40,941	341,998	
	(100.0)	(70.8)	(29.2)	(8.3)	(18.4)	(11.6)	(5.6)	(46.4)	
Q4	737,069	499,841	237,228	3,600	154,793	101,270	43,472	361,646	
	(100.0)	(67.8)	(32.2)	(0.5)	(21.0)	(13.7)	(5.9)	(49.1)	
1387:									
Q1□	859,918	580,036	279,882	63,072	142,766	91,023	41,534	397,200	
	(100.0)	(67.5)	(32.5)	(7.3)	(16.6)	(10.6)	(4.8)	(46.2)	
Q2 □	1,065,946	777,265	288,681	167,390	185,211	107,375	66,587	445,886	
	(100.0)	(72.9)	(27.1)	(15.7)	(17.4)	(10.1)	(6.2)	(41.8)	
Q3		••	••		<del>.</del>		<del></del>		
Q4									
1388:									
Q1					<b></b>				
Q2									
Q3			••						

- (1) Quarterly data are not seasonally adjusted and are subject to revision.
- (2) Discrepancy in GDP and the total value-added of sectors is due to imputed bank service charges.
- (3) Discrepancy in total is due to value-added in "water, electricity and gas" sub-sector.

# National Accounts (at Constant 1376 Prices) (1)

(billion rials)

	GDP at	Non-oil -			Sectoral va	alue-added			
	basic price <sup>(2)</sup>	GDP	Oil	Agriculture	Industries & mining (3)	Manufacturing & mining	Construction	Services	
		(Figu	res in parenthe	eses indicate percenta	ge change over the pr	revious period)			
1384	438,900	391,356	47,544	58,389	111,471	86,432	20,140	228,539	
	(6.9)	(7.8)	(0.3)	(9.2)	(11.6)	(13.3)	(5.9)	(6.4)	
1385□	467,930	418,681	49,249	61,134	121,954	95,847	20,776	243,832	
	(6.6)	(7.0)	(3.6)	(4.7)	(9.4)	(10.9)	(3.2)	(6.7)	
1386□	499,071	449,204	49,867	65,062	132,901	103,930	23,246	259,333	
	(6.7)	(7.3)	(1.3)	(6.4)	(9.0)	(8.4)	(11.9)	(6.4)	
1387		••	••					••	
		(Figu	res in parenthe	eses indicate percenta	ge change over respec	ctive period of the pro	evious year)		
1386□: Q2	145,211	132,641	12,571	32,971	33,448	25,117	6,768	68,282	
	(9.0)	(9.7)	(1.6)	(7.7)	(8.9)	(7.0)	(17.4)	(11.0)	
Q3	123,643	111,421	12,222	15,298	33,362	26,106	5,894	64,754	
	(6.2)	(6.9)	(0.1)	(4.2)	(8.4)	(7.4)	(13.4)	(6.3)	
Q4	112,523	100,444	12,079	1,601	36,521	29,113	5,984	64,258	
	(4.1)	(4.6)	(0.3)	(1.9)	(5.0)	(6.7)	(-3.5)	(3.8)	
1387:									
Q1□	121,539	109,095	12,444	13,631	31,327	24,617	5,253	66,003	
	(3.3)	(4.2)	(-4.2)	(-10.3)	(5.9)	(4.3)	(14.2)	(6.4)	
Q2□	148,481	136,198	12,283	29,585	36,327	27,206	7,494	72,042	
	(2.3)	(2.7)	(-2.3)	(-10.3)	(8.6)	(8.3)	(10.7)	(5.5)	
Q3									
Q4	<b></b>	<b></b>				<b></b>			
1388:									
Q1	•	••	•	••	••				
Q2	<del>.</del>	••	<b></b>	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del>.</del>	<del>.</del>	••	
Q3									

<sup>(1)</sup> Quarterly data are not seasonally adjusted and are subject to revision.

<sup>(2)</sup> Discrepancy in GDP and the total value-added of sectors is due to imputed bank service charges.

<sup>(3)</sup> Discrepancy in total is due to value-added in "water, electricity and gas" sub-sector.

# National Accounts (at Current Prices) (1)

(billion rials)

		Consumption Gross fixed capital formation									
	GDP at market	expend		Pri	vate	Pul	olic	Total	Net	National	Gross national
	price	Private	Public	Machin- ery	Construc- tion	Machin- ery	Construc- tion		export	income	saving
				(Figures in	parentheses in	dicate share p	ercent)				
1384	1,831,737	786,920	251,216	188,901	91,897	75,714	118,472	474,983	171,866	1,653,996	719,167
	(100.0)	(43.0)	(13.7)	(10.3)	(5.0)	(4.1)	(6.5)	(25.9)	(9.4)		(39.3)
1385□	2,224,093	938,888	310,392	205,008	110,082	80,555	148,604	544,249	208,662	2,029,186	866,012
	(100.0)	(42.2)	(14.0)	(9.2)	(4.9)	(3.6)	(6.7)	(24.5)	(9.4)		(38.9)
1386□	2,882,236	1,185,508	309,098	230,903	188,852	80,349	185,347	685,452	337,500	2,612,019	1,226,00
	(100.0)	(41.1)	(10.7)	(8.0)	(6.6)	(2.8)	(6.4)	(23.8)	(11.7)		(42.5)
1387	••	••	••	••	••		••		••		••
				(Figures in	parentheses inc	dicate share po	ercent)				
1386□:	774 440	205 (29	02 272					177 225	02.010		
Q2	774,440	295,638	92,273	••	••	••	••	177,325	83,018	••	••
02	(100.0)	(38.2)	(11.9)					(22.9)	(10.7)		
Q3	741,547	301,586	66,167			••	••	169,602	110,881	••	••
	(100.0)	(40.7)	(8.9)					(22.9)	(15.0)		
Q4	754,016	325,384	82,078	••	••	••	••	201,533	83,783		
1207	(100.0)	(43.2)	(10.9)					(26.7)	(11.1)		
1387: Q1 □	854,070	337,297	80,002					188,040	155,861		
QIL	(100.0)	(39.5)	(9.4)	••	•	••	••	(22.0)	(18.2)	•	•
Q2 □	1,035,844	350,807	114,765					263,354	126,485		
Q2⊔	(100.0)	(33.9)	(11.1)	•	••	••	••	(25.4)	(12.2)		•
02	(100.0)	(33.9)	(11.1)					(23.4)	(12.2)		
Q3	•	••	••	••	••				••	••	
Q4		••	••		<b></b>						
1388:											
Q1	••	••	••		••	••	••		••	••	
Q2	<b></b>	<b></b>	<del></del>		<b></b>						••
Q3		••	••								

<sup>(1)</sup> Quarterly data are not seasonally adjusted and are subject to revision.

# National Accounts (at Constant 1376 Prices) (1)

(billion rials)

	CDD 4	Consur	nption _	otion Gross fixed capital formation							
	GDP at market	expend		Priv	ate	Pub	olic	Total	Net	National	Gross nationa
	price	Private	Public	Machin- ery	Construc- tion	Machin- ery	Construc- tion		export	income	saving
			(Figures in	parentheses in	ndicate percent	age change ov	er the previo	us period)			
1384	433,463	251,087	51,107	79,985	29,135	20,516	35,318	164,954	-18,981	421,792	177,125
	(4.7)	(10.0)	(6.0)	(1.0)	(9.8)	(27.5)	(17.7)	(8.7)		(11.6)	(10.4)
1385□	460,387	266,322	54,063	82,297	28,345	20,737	38,458	169,837	-19,657	450,179	190,53
	(6.2)	(6.1)	(5.8)	(2.9)	(-2.7)	(1.1)	(8.9)	(3.0)		(6.7)	(7.6)
1386□	497,671	284,441	49,461	85,835	35,546	19,378	40,260	181,020	-24,026	491,096	230,80
	(8.1)	(6.8)	(-8.5)	(4.3)	(25.4)	(-6.6)	(4.7)	(6.6)		(9.1)	(21.1)
1387											
1206			(Figures in p	parentheses ind	licate percentag	ge change over	r respective p	eriod of the p	revious year)	1	
1386□: Q2	142,757	73,902	12,367					47,447	-3,173		
<b>V</b> 2	(9.5)	(10.1)	(-8.8)	••		•	••	(10.0)	3,173	•	••
Q3	124,097	71,046	11,561	••	••	••	••	44,291	-3,627	••	••
	(8.3)	(3.8)	(-14.2)					(5.8)			
Q4	114,237	71,535	13,348	••			••	50,190	-12,416	••	••
1207	(5.1)	(10.3)	(-1.1)					(-1.6)			
1387: Q1□	120.712	(0.(10	12 202					41 417	-6,350		
QIL	120,713	69,618	12,283	••	•		••	41,417	-0,330	••	••
	(3.5)	(2.4)	(0.8)					(5.9)			
Q2 □	144,288	68,681	13,555	••	••	•	••	53,239	-12,264	••	••
	(1.1)	(-7.1)	(9.6)					(12.2)			
Q3											
Q4										<b>.</b>	
1388:											
Q1											
Q2											
`											
Q3											••

<sup>(1)</sup> Quarterly data are not seasonally adjusted and are subject to revision.

National Accounts (billion rials)

				l formation onomic sectors		i			al formation onomic sector	rs
	Total	Agriculture	Oil & gas	Industries & mining	Services	Total	Agriculture	Oil & gas	Industries & mining	Services
(at current p	rices)		(Fig	ures in parentheses	indicate share p	ercent)				
1384	210,369	17,645	25,629	26,705	140,390	264,615	8,008	14,068	106,700	135,838
	(100.0)	(8.4)	(12.2)	(12.7)	(66.7)	(100.0)	(3.0)	(5.3)	(40.3)	(51.3)
1385 □	258,686	15,514	26,998	32,002	184,172	285,563	15,650	8,307	113,476	148,129
	(100.0)	(6.0)	(10.4)	(12.4)	(71.2)	(100.0)	(5.5)	(2.9)	(39.7)	(51.9)
1386□	374,200	17,021	32,194	35,916	289,068	311,252	17,397	9,496	125,377	158,982
	(100.0)	(4.5)	(8.6)	(9.6)	(77.2)	(100.0)	(5.6)	(3.1)	(40.3)	(51.1)
1387										
(at constant	1376 prices)	(1	Figures in pa	rentheses indicate p	ercentage chang	ge over the pr	evious period)			
1384	64,453	5,872	4,286	8,921	45,373	100,501	3,437	1,466	36,551	59,048
	(14.0)	(28.3)	(15.6)	(40.6)	(8.3)	(5.5)	(2.2)	(22.9)	(2.9)	(7.0)
1385□	66,803	4,318	4,330	8,974	49,181	103,034	4,295	807	36,116	61,817
	(3.6)	(-26.5)	(1.0)	(0.6)	(8.4)	(2.5)	(25.0)	(-45.0)	(-1.2)	(4.7)
1386□	75,807	3,919	5,005	8,243	58,639	105,213	4,866	1,025	37,964	61,359
	(13.5)	(-9.2)	(15.6)	(-8.1)	(19.2)	(2.1)	(13.3)	(27.0)	(5.1)	(-0.7)
1387	••									

## Energy

	Petro (thousand bar				on of electricity on kW/h) <sup>(1)</sup>	
	Production	Export (2)	Steam	Gas and combined cycle	Hydroelectric, diesel, and wind turbines	Total (3)
		(Figures in parenthese	s indicate percentag	ge change over the previous	period) O	
1384	4,106	2,691	91.2	65.6	16.3	173.1
	(4.9)	(0.9)	(2.9)	(8.5)	(49.5)	(8.2)
1385	4,051	2,486	90.2	77.7	18.0	185.9
	(-1.3)	(-7.6)	(-1.1)	(18.5)	(10.4)	(7.4)
1386	4,058	2,522	92.5	88.0	18.2	198.7
	(0.2)	(1.4)	(2.5)	(13.2)	(1.3)	(6.9)
1387□	3,946	2,307	94.7	108.8	6.2	209.7
	(-2.8)	(-8.5)	(2.4)	(23.6)	(-65.9)	(5.5)
		(Figures in parenthese	s indicate percentag	ge change over the previous	period) O	
1387□:						
Q2	4,095	2,531	27.5	34.0	1.4	62.8
	(-0.6)	(6.7)	(18.4)	(26.5)	(-41.7)	(19.8)
Q3	3,942	2,314	21.9	24.7	0.7	47.3
	(-3.7)	(-8.6)	(-20.1)	(-27.4)	(-50.0)	(-24.7)
Q4	3,614	2,010	22.1	23.3	1.8	47.2
	(-8.3)	(-13.1)	(0.8)	(-5.7)	(155.6)	(-0.3)
1388□:						
Q1	3,570	2,045	24.0	27.3	1.5	52.8
	(-1.2)	(1.7)	(8.5)	(17.4)	(-16.2)	(11.9)
Q2	3,530	2,011	27.4	36.7	2.7	66.8
	(-1.1)	(-1.7)	(14.2)	(34.4)	(80.0)	(26.5)
Q3	3,549	1,984	20.2	27.0	1.2	48.3
	(0.5)	(-1.3)	(-26.3)	(-26.4)	(-55.6)	(-27.7)

Source: Ministry of Petroleum, Ministry of Energy

<sup>(1)</sup> Until 1386, it excludes electricity generated by large manufacturing establishments and private institutions; however, since the beginning of 1386, it has included electricity generated by power plants affiliated to the private sector.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes crude oil export and net export of oil products.

<sup>(3)</sup> Components may not sum to total because of rounding.

# Manufacturing

	Production index of large manufacturing —	Establishm manufact	ent permits of uring units <sup>(2)</sup>	Operation of the contract of t	on permits of cturing units (2)
	establishments (1) $\square$ (1383=100)	Number	Investment (billion rials)	Number	Investment (billion rials)
	(Figures in parentheses in	dicate percentage cha	ange over respective period of	the previous year)	
1384	112.9	31,205	900,874	6,025	55,181
	(12.9)	(5.3)	(17.9)	(22.3)	(12.0)
1385	123.2	54,288	1,423,515	6,764	77,173
	(9.1)	(74.0)	(58.0)	(12.3)	(39.9)
1386	136.3	48,163	1,597,648	8,135	129,760
	(10.6)	(-11.3)	(12.2)	(20.3)	(68.1)
1387		26,176	1,061,073	7,649	224,734
		(-45.7)	(-33.6)	(-6.0)	(73.2)
	(Figures in parentheses in	dicate percentage cha	ange over respective period of	the previous year)	
1387□:					
Q2	143.1	7,294	317,806	1,752	44,194
	(8.3)	(-40.7)	(-12.2)	(-20.6)	(18.6)
Q3		5,815	240,687	2,058	42,904
		(-56.4)	(-59.9)	(-5.2)	(20.5)
Q4		3,804	249,201	2,314	117,148
		(-65.0)	(-23.3)	(9.4)	(241.6)
1388:					
Q1				<b></b>	
Q2					
Q3					

Sources: (1) Economic Statistics Department, CBI- Includes manufacturing establishments with more than 100 employees.

<sup>(2)</sup> Ministry of Industries and Mines

# Construction

	Number		ction permi	its issued		imated f				ction indices 83=100)
	Tehran	Other large cities	Other urban areas	All urban areas	Tehran	Other large cities	Other urban areas	All urban areas	Const. services price index	PPI of construction materials
		(Figures	in parenthese	s indicate percer	tage change ov	er respectiv	ve period of	f the previous	year)	
1384	10,833	31,685	87,211	129,729	10.0	17.9	30.0	57.9	118.1	111.6
	(-13.8)	(-8.6)	(-1.7)	(-4.6)	(-14.2)	(-10.7)	(0.5)	(-5.9)	(18.1)	(11.6)
1385	14,642	34,914	123,046	172,602	13.5	19.5	37.1	70.1	140.1	134.0
	(35.2)	(10.2)	(41.1)	(33.0)	(34.8)	(8.8)	(23.7)	(21.0)	(18.6)	(20.1)
1386	24,930	50,972	133,020	208,922	23.4	30.1	51.7	105.2	182.9	157.7
	(70.3)	(46.0)	(8.1)	(21.0)	(74.1)	(54.0)	(39.4)	(50.1)	(30.5)	(17.7)
1387□	20,745	40,427	115,668	176,840	20.6	25.8	53.0	99.4	246.3	204.7
	(-16.8)	(-20.7)	(-13.0)	(-15.4)	(-11.9)	(-14.3)	(2.5)	(-5.5)	(34.7)	(29.8)
		(Figures	in parenthese	s indicate percer	itage change ov	er respectiv	ve period of	f the previous	year)	
1387:										
Q2	6,458	11,479	29,219	47,156	6.5	7.5	13.0	27.0	245.1	221.7
	(-8.3)	(-16.1)	(-6.9)	(-9.5)	(-5.0)	(-2.2)	(6.2)	(0.9)	(38.0)	(44.0)
Q3 <b>▲</b> □	4,242.0	7,778	17,773	29,793	3.8	4.9	8.1	16.8	255.8	210.0
	(-28.2)	(-34.1)	(-34.1)	(-33.3)	(-28.7)	(-31.8)	(-31.7)	(-31.1)	(34.4)	(30.3)
Q4▲□	3,255	7,828	33,880	44,963	3.5	5.2	16.7	25.4	259.5	194.3
	(-48.9)	(-40.1)	(-24.3)	(-30.0)	(-45.2)	(-37.5)	(2.7)	(-18.0)	(27.3)	(16.1)
1388□:										
Q1	2,576	7,466	24,651	34,693	3.5	4.3	9.8	17.6	261.5	186.8
	(-62.1)	(-44.0)	(-29.2)	(-36.8)	(-47.1)	(-47.5)	(-36.2)	(-41.7)	(16.4)	(-3.1)
Q2	2,265	7,578	19,606	29,449	2.4	5.0	8.5	15.9	267.8	192.1
	(-64.9)	(-34.0)	(-32.9)	(-37.5)	(-62.7)	(-33.8)	(-34.4)	(-41.1)	(9.3)	(-13.4)
Q3	2,406	6,569	20,172	29,147	2.7	5.6	12.2	20.5	274.0	195.1
	(-43.3)	(-15.5)	(13.5)	(-2.2)	(-28.4)	(13.4)	(51.8)	(22.4)	(7.1)	(-7.1)

<sup>(1)</sup> Components may not sum to total because of rounding.

Construction (billion rials)

				vestment in no	ew buildings in urban areas <sup>(1)</sup>				
		by construct	tion phases		b	y geographical			
	Newly-started	Semi-finished	Completed	Total	Tehran	Other large cities	Other urban areas	All urban areas	
	(F	igures in parenthes	es indicate percen	tage change over i	respective period of t	he previous year)			
1384 <sup>(2)</sup>	26,058	55,558	21,554	103,171	21,219	31,632	50,320	103,171	
	(-4.3)	(4.5)	(98.5)	(13.1)	(17.3)	(9.7)	(13.5)	(13.1)	
1385	31,818	60,721	21,031	113,570	26,200	35,459	51,911	113,570	
	(22.1)	(9.3)	(-2.4)	(10.1)	(23.5)	(12.1)	(3.2)	(10.1)	
1386	65,639	102,267	36,996	204,902	40,176	58,795	105,930	204,902	
	(106.3)	(68.4)	(75.9)	(80.4)	(53.3)	(65.8)	(104.1)	(80.4)	
1387▲	90,052	169,195	54,482	313,729	68,300	85,857	159,572	313,729	
	(37.2)	(65.4)	(47.3)	(53.1)	(70.0)	(46.0)	(50.6)	(53.1)	
	(F	igures in parenthes	es indicate percen	tage change over 1	respective period of t	he previous year)			
1387:									
Q2	26,797	46,251	13,865	86,913	18,691	24,692	43,530	86,913	
	(63.7)	(100.9)	(65.6)	(82.0)	(129.4)	(80.0)	(68.0)	(82.0)	
Q3	19,971	45,109	14,727	79,807	18,468	21,933	39,406	79,807	
	(6.9)	(56.3)	(30.0)	(35.5)	(42.8)	(33.7)	(33.4)	(35.5)	
Q4 <b>▲</b>	17,784	37,618	14,052	69,454	16,139	17,949	35,366	69,454	
	(15.0)	(23.2)	(40.8)	(24.1)	(48.7)	(8.5)	(23.8)	(24.1)	
1388□:									
Q1	20,543	40,882	12,338	73,763	14,913	19,645	39,205	73,763	
	(-19.4)	(1.7)	(4.2)	(-4.9)	(-0.6)	(-7.7)	(-5.0)	(-4.9)	
Q2	21,136	41,657	16,509	79,302	16,133	21,438	41,731	79,302	
	(-21.1)	(-9.9)	(19.1)	(-8.8)	(-13.7)	(-13.2)	(-4.1)	(-8.8)	
Q3	16,992	43,994	12,994	73,980	15,503	19,985	38,492	73,980	
	(-14.9)	(-2.5)	(-11.8)	(-7.3)	(-16.1)	(-8.9)	(-2.3)	(-7.3)	

<sup>(1)</sup> Figures are at current prices and exclude the cost of land.

<sup>(2)</sup> Since the beginning of 1384, figures have been calculated on the basis of the new base year (1383).

						Const	ımer pı	rice inde	X				
	General index	Food & beverages	Tobacco	Clothing & footwear	Housing, water, electricity, gas, & other fuels	Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance	Medical care	Transpor- tation	Commu- nication	Recreation & culture	Education	Restaurants & hotels	Miscellaneous goods & services
1384	10.4	11.1	5.7	8.4	11.6	11.8	15.7	4.6	-1.9	6.0	18.7	11.7	11.0
1385	11.9	13.1	8.6	8.4	13.4	11.4	13.8	6.7	-0.8	5.7	20.8	11.4	15.1
1386	18.4	21.7	22.6	14.7	21.2	16.1	17.0	13.5	-0.2	8.2	14.0	17.0	16.4
1387	25.4	30.2	19.3	21.0	27.9	23.8	23.3	17.6	-0.2	10.2	14.7	29.8	23.9
		(	Figures in	n parenthes	ses indicate	percentage c	hange ov	er respectiv	e period o	f the previo	us year)		
1387:													
Q2	5.2	3.3	-2.3	4.7	6.3	8.8	8.5	6.1	-0.3	2.8	1.3	7.3	5.7
	(27.7)	(35.4)	(12.9)	(21.8)	(29.6)	(27.8)	(24.0)	(18.6)	(-0.7)	(10.7)	(13.8)	(30.4)	(24.4)
Q3	5.9	5.2	9.0	5.3	8.1	3.7	5.6	3.3	0.6	3.6	9.4	5.3	5.1
	(28.1)	(36.1)	(21.7)	(22.6)	(28.9)	(26.2)	(25.1)	(19.0)	(0.3)	(11.6)	(15.8)	(32.4)	(25.5)
Q4	0.6	-2.8	8.3	2.2	3.5	-1.1	1.9	-0.7	-0.1	1.3	4.7	3.0	2.7
	(20.8)	(20.1)	(23.9)	(19.1)	(25.1)	(19.0)	(22.8)	(14.5)	(0.3)	(9.7)	(16.3)	(29.1)	(23.2)
1388:													
Q1	2.7	6.3	6.3	1.3	1.4	-0.6	2.1	-0.1	0.1	-0.1	0.4	2.6	2.5
	(15.0)	(12.2)	(22.7)	(14.1)	(20.6)	(10.9)	(19.1)	(8.7)	(0.3)	(7.8)	(16.6)	(19.4)	(16.9)
Q2	2.5	2.9	11.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	7.4	2.1	0.2	3.7	0.9	3.1	2.0
	(12.1)	(11.7)	(40.2)	(10.8)	(15.3)	(3.6)	(17.9)	(4.6)	(0.8)	(8.7)	(16.0)	(14.7)	(12.8)
Q3	1.5	-1.2	5.5	3.1	2.0	0.3	6.0	2.2	0.0	3.8	9.6	4.6	3.3
	(7.5)	(5.0)	(35.7)	(8.5)	(8.7)	(0.2)	(18.4)	(3.5)	(0.2)	(8.9)	(16.2)	(14.0)	(10.9)
		(	Figures in	n parenthes	ses indicate	percentage c	hange ov	er respectiv	e month o	f the previo	us year)		
1388:													
Tir	0.1	-1.3	7.4	0.6	0.3	1.5	2.1	0.3	0.1	0.5	0.3	1.2	0.7
	(14.0)	(15.1)	(35.6)	(11.5)	(17.6)	(5.2)	(15.2)	(6.6)	(0.6)	(6.9)	(16.8)	(15.0)	(13.8)
Mordad	1.1	0.5	4.0	0.7	0.9	0.2	4.7	1.2	0.2	3.9	0.1	1.2	0.5
	(13.1)	(13.8)	(41.8)	(10.8)	(16.3)	(4.5)	(18.8)	(3.9)	(0.9)	(10.1)	(16.2)	(14.8)	(12.5)
Shahrivar	0.4	-0.7	0.9	0.5	1.0	-0.9	3.0	0.4	0.0	1.8	0.4	0.3	0.9
	(9.3)	(6.6)	(43.0)	(10.1)	(12.0)	(1.2)	(19.7)	(3.4)	(0.9)	(9.2)	(15.0)	(14.2)	(12.2)
Mehr	0.1	-1.6	3.9	1.2	0.4	0.5	1.4	1.0	-0.1	0.8	3.2	2.6	1.4
	(7.6)	(4.4)	(42.5)	(8.9)	(9.9)	(0.3)	(18.2)	(3.4)	(0.6)	(9.2)	(13.9)	(14.4)	(11.0)
Aban	0.5	-0.3	0.1	1.4	0.6	0.3	0.8	0.6	0.1	0.6	7.8	1.5	1.1
	(7.4)	(4.2)	(34.5)	(8.6)	(9.1)	(-0.1)	(18.4)	(3.1)	(0.3)	(9.3)	(19.3)	(14.1)	(10.9)
Azar	1.3	2.6	-1.1	0.9	0.5	0.3	1.3	0.4	0.0	0.2	1.7	1.1	0.9
	(7.4)	(6.3)	(30.7)	(7.9)	(7.1)	(0.4)	(18.6)						

				Produ	cer price i	ndex				General
	General index	Agriculture, hunting, forestry & fishing	Manufac- turing	Services (1)	Hotels & restaurants	Transport, storage, & communi- cation	Education	Health & social work	Other community, social & personal services activities	index of
1384	8.8	3.6	8.2	13.5	12.1	11.9	18.7	18.7	15.1	13.0
1385	11.6	12.8	11.4	11.0	11.8	8.6	20.8	15.3	15.2	16.7
1386	14.9	20.8	13.1	13.9	18.1	12.1	14.0	19.0	19.2	23.3
1387	20.9	27.1	22.3	14.1	29.8	9.5	14.7	23.5	32.6	22.1
		(Figures in parer	ntheses indic	ate percentage	change over	respective pe	riod of the pi	revious year)		
1387:										
Q2	7.8	12.1	9.3	2.2	6.1	0.0	1.3	9.2	7.4	9.7
	(23.9)	(27.5)	(29.1)	(13.5)	(31.1)	(8.3)	(13.8)	(24.7)	(33.5)	(40.6)
Q3	3.4	11.4	-1.1	4.9	4.0	4.1	9.4	5.1	6.5	-10.0
	(22.9)	(34.1)	(23.7)	(13.5)	(31.5)	(8.1)	(15.8)	(24.3)	(34.5)	(18.8)
Q4	-1.1	0.7	-3.5	1.2	3.1	0.2	4.7	2.0	3.7	-10.5
	(17.1)	(28.7)	(14.7)	(12.0)	(27.1)	(6.4)	(16.3)	(22.9)	(32.4)	(-0.2)
1388:										
Q1	0.6	1.1	-0.6	2.3	5.1	1.7	0.4	2.5	7.5	-1.3
	(11.0)	(27.0)	(3.8)	(11.0)	(19.5)	(5.9)	(16.6)	(20.0)	(27.5)	(-12.8)
Q2	3.2	1.7	4.1	3.1	3.6	1.7	0.9	8.8	5.0	4.9
	(6.2)	(15.3)	(-1.2)	(12.0)	(16.7)	(7.7)	(16.1)	(19.6)	(24.6)	(-16.6)
Q3	1.8	-0.3	1.8	3.5	4.0	1.4	9.5	7.0	4.8	2.4
	(4.6)	(3.1)	(1.7)	(10.5)	(16.7)	(5.0)	(16.1)	(21.7)	(22.6)	(-5.1)
		(Figures in parer	ntheses indic	ate percentage	change over	respective m	onth of the pi	revious year)		
1388:										
Tir	1.6	1.9	1.5	1.5	1.2	1.3	0.3	2.5	1.8	3.1
	(8.0)	(23.5)	(-0.9)	(11.5)	(16.6)	(7.8)	(16.8)	(16.1)	(25.6)	(-15.7)
Mordad	1.1	0.3	1.6	1.1	1.3	0.1	0.1	5.5	1.0	1.8
	(6.6)	(17.1)	(-1.4)	(12.1)	(16.8)	(7.8)	(16.3)	(20.3)	(24.5)	(-16.9)
Shahrivar	-0.6	-4.5	0.7	0.8	0.5	0.1	0.4	3.5	1.1	1.3
	(4.2)	(6.1)	(-1.3)	(12.2)	(16.7)	(7.7)	(15.1)	(22.2)	(23.8)	(-17.2)
Mehr	0.4	-0.1	-0.2	1.5	2.1	1.1	3.1	1.7	2.4	0.4
	(3.5)	(2.7)	(-0.5)	(10.9)	(17.2)	(6.1)	(13.9)	(21.5)	(22.5)	(-14.7)
Aban	1.8	3.5	1.3	1.1	1.1	0.1	7.8	1.0	1.1	0.6
	(4.6)	(3.0)	(1.8)	(10.4)	(16.6)	(4.5)	(19.3)	(21.7)	(22.4)	(-3.9)
Azar	0.7	1.0	0.6	0.6	1.0	0.1	1.7	1.2	1.4	0.3
	(5.6)	(3.7)	(3.8)	(10.1)	(16.3)	(4.4)	(15.2)	(22.0)	(23.0)	(5.2)

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes subgroups of hotels and restaurants; transport, storage, and communication; education; health and social work; and other community, social and personal services activities.

# Balance of Payments (Current Account)

(million dollars)

		Exports		Townside	Total	G .	T	Current
	Oil & gas	Non-oil	Total	(FOB)	Trade balance	Services (net)	Transfers (net)	account balance
1384 ▲	53,820	10,705	64,525	43,381	21,143	-6,248	496	15,392
1385	62,011	14,179	76,190	49,987	26,204	-6,100	482	20,585
1386▲	81,567	16,101	97,668	58,240	39,428	-7,475	642	32,594
1387▲	82,403	18,886	101,289	70,199	31,090	-8,549	362	22,903
1387:								
First six months	57,501	9,865	67,366	35,508	31,858	-4,288	541	28,111
Nine months	71,654	14,278	85,932	52,023	33,909	-6,491	558	27,976
Twelve months ▲	82,403	18,886	101,289	70,199	31,090	-8,549	362	22,903
1388 □:								
First three months	13,835	4,137	17,972	13,863	4,110	-3,164	123	1,070
First six months	31,333	9,161	40,494	29,636	10,859	-6,070	267	5,056
Nine months	48,389	15,084	63,473	47,437	16,037	-8,095	372	8,314

# Balance of Payments (Capital Account and Change in International Reserves)

(million dollars)

		Capital account (net)		Change in
	Short-term	Long-term	Total	reserves (1)(2)
1384 ▲	-2,039	1,875	-164	14,567
1385 ▲	-6,308	2	-6,306	11,389
1386 ▲	-11,282	-2,315	-13,597	15,254
1387▲	-7,279	-2,679	-9,958	8,229
1387:				
First six months	-6,672	-2,231	-8,902	15,204
Nine months	-4,593	-2,862	-7,455	15,747
Twelve months ▲	-7,279	-2,679	-9,958	8,229
1388□:				
First three months	-5,372	-673	-6,045	-5,369
First six months	-7,423	-889	-8,312	-6,386
Nine months	-11,450	-1,169	-12,619	-9,179

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes changes in OSF and CBI's international reserves.

<sup>(2)</sup> Excludes changes in foreign exchange rate.

#### External Debt (End of Period) (1) (2) (million dollars) Short-term Medium- and long-term **Total** 13,578 24,264 1384 10,686 1385 9,100 14,414 23,514 1386 9,891 18,756 28,647 1387 6,599 14,903 21,502 1387: First six months 7,247 16,057 23,304 Nine months 6,639 16,098 22,737 Twelve months 6,599 14,903 21,502 1388: 6,905 14,670 First three months 21,575 First six months 7,456 14,645 22,101 Nine months 13,981 8,167 22,148 External Debt Profile (end of Azar, 1388) (million dollars) 1390 1391 1388 1389 1392 onwards Maturity 3,491 2,026 Amount 8,437 2,346 5,848

Source: Foreign Debt Department, CBI

### Facilities Extended from OSF

(million dollars)

	Approved		Cont	racts concluded	by economic s	ectors	
	projects	Manufacturing	Mining	Agriculture	Transportation	Technical and engineering services	Total
1384	2,458.0	1,619.5	0.0	7.1	50.0	0.0	1,676.6
1385	2,281.5	1,073.3	0.0	0.0	-24.0 (1)	11.5	1,060.8
1386	3,586.2	2,433.2	7.4	4.8	1,261.5	2.7	3,709.6
1387	3,590.0	959.1	0.0	4.3	2.3	0.0	965.7
1387:							
Q2	107.4	648.6	0.0	4.3	0.0	0.0	652.9
Q3	1,012.0	38.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	38.4
Q4	1,597.0	98.5	0.0	0.0	2.3	0.0	100.8
1388:							
Q1	-433.0	687.6	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	689.2
Q2	248.6	-105.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	-2.8	-52.2
Q3							

Source: Foreign Debt Department, CBI

(1) Due to the reclassification of figures

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes contingent obligations, i.e. opened letters of credit not yet consigned. Considering the mentioned obligations, the total external obligations (actual and contingent) amounted to \$44.6 billion at the end of Azar, 1388. Moreover, classification of external debt is based on original maturity.

<sup>(2)</sup> To conform Iran's external debt data with international standards, since the end of first half 1384, obligations under project finance whose repayments rely on projects' proceeds, which were formerly classified as contingent obligations, are now classified as external debt.

Foreign Trade

		Non-oil exports		Imports (CIF)				
	Weight	Value	Average value	Weight	Value	Average value		
	(thousand tons)	(million US\$)	(US\$ per ton)	(thousand tons)	(million US\$)	(US\$ per ton)		
	(Figures in pa	arentheses indicate per	centage change over resp	ective period of the prev	rious year)			
1384	24,983	10,474	419	35,466	39,248	1,107		
	(38.2)	(53.0)	(10.7)	(3.0)	(10.9)	(7.7)		
1385	27,766	12,997	468	43,492	41,723	959		
	(11.1)	(24.1)	(11.6)	(22.6)	(6.3)	(-13.3)		
1386	32,118	15,312	477	41,696	48,439	1,162		
	(15.7)	(17.8)	(1.9)	(-4.1)	(16.1)	(21.1)		
1387▲	33,253	18,334	551	44,148	56,042	1,269		
	(3.5)	(19.7)	(15.6)	(5.9)	(15.7)	(9.3)		
1387▲:								
Q2	8,766	5,496	627	11,810	16,771	1,420		
	(4.3)	(42.5)	(36.6)	(19.7)	(55.3)	(29.7)		
Q3	6,588	4,139	628	10,380	12,735	1,227		
	(-22.3)	(-7.1)	(19.6)	(24.1)	(9.1)	(-12.1)		
Q4	9,484	4,223	445	12,914	13,432	1,040		
	(20.5)	(7.4)	(-10.9)	(5.8)	(-9.9)	(-14.8)		
1388□:								
Q1	9,665	4,016	416	12,269	11,673	951		
	(14.9)	(-10.3)	(-21.9)	(35.7)	(-10.9)	(-34.3)		
Q2	10,835	4,962	458	10,854	11,996	1,105		
	(23.6)	(-9.7)	(-26.9)	(-8.1)	(-28.5)	(-22.2)		
Q3	11,973	5,762	481.2	11,055	13,368	1,209		
	(81.7)	(39.2)	(-23.4)	(6.5)	(5.0)	(-1.4)		
1388□:								
Tir	2,898	1,231	425	4,236	4,009	946		
	(-1.9)	(-33.2)	(-31.8)	(23.0)	(-25.9)	(-39.8)		
Mordad	4,242	1,947	459	3,438	4,102	1,193		
	(40.5)	(4.9)	(-25.4)	(-11.8)	(-22.1)	(-11.7)		
Shahrivar	3,695	1,785	483	3,179	3,884	1,222		
	(32.3)	(-0.7)	(-25.0)	(-28.8)	(-36.3)	(-10.4)		
Mehr	3,917	1,654	422	3,533	4,136	1,171		
	(58.3)	(-2.9)	(-38.7)	(9.2)	(5.7)	(-3.2)		
Aban	3,921	2,004	511	3,957	4,604	1,164		
	(79.1)	(45.3)	(-18.8)	(15.0)	(-0.2)	(-13.2)		
Azar	4,135	2,104	509.0	3,565	4,628	1,298		
	(114.8)	(99.3)	(-7.2)	(-3.7)	(9.9)	(14.2)		

Source: Iran's Customs Administration

## Exchange Rate (IRR/US\$)

	Interbank market rate	Parallel market rate
	(average selling rate)	(average selling rate)
1384	9,026	9,042
1385	9,197	9,226
1386	9,285	9,357
1387	9,574	9,677
1387:		
Q2	9,404	9,489
Q3	9,969	10,099
Q4	9,791	9,868
1388:		
Q1	9,843	9,908
Q2	9,926	9,988
Q3	9,918	9,963
1388:		
Tir	9,940	9,995
Mordad	9,942	10,009
Shahrivar	9,897	9,959
Mehr	9,890	9,935
Aban	9,914	9,950
Azar	9,952	10,004

Source: Export Affairs Department and Economic Statistics Department of CBI

# Deposit and Lending Rates

(% per annum)

	r	Term i	nvestm	ent deposi	t rate (p	rovision	nal)	E	xpected	rate of	return on	facilities (1)	
									Construct hous			Trade,	
	Short- term	Special short- term	One- year	Two- year	Three- year	Four- year	Five- year	Manufac- turing & mining	Housing Savings Fund	Others	Agriculture	services and miscellaneous	
Public banks													
1385 (year-end)	7	7-16	7-16	7-16	7-16	7-16	16	14	13	14	14	14	14
1386 (year-end)	7-8	8-16	12-16	13-15.8	13.7-15.8	13.8-16	16	12	11	12	12	12	12
1387 (year-end)	9-10	10-16	15-16	15.5-16	16-17	16.5-18	17-19	12	11	12	12	12	12
1388 (end of Azar)	9-10	10-13	14.5-15.5	15.5	16	17	17.5	12	11	12	12	12	12
				Teri	m invest	ment d	eposit rate	(provision	al)				
		Shor	t-term	Special short-term	One-	year	Two-year	Three-year	r Four-	year	Five-year	Expected return on f	
Private banks credit institu													
1385 (year-er	nd)		14	14.5-16	17-	17.5	17-17.75	17-18	17-1	8.25	17-18.5	17	,
1386 (year-er	nd)	10	)-13	15-17.35	17-	17.5	15-17.25	15-17.25	15-1	7.25	15-17.5	13	
1387 (year-er	nd)		9	12-16	14.5-	17.25	15.5-17.5	16-18	17-1	8.5	17.5-19	12	:
1388 (end of	Azar)		9	12	14	.5	15.5	16	17	7	17.5	12	

<sup>(1)</sup> Expected rate of return on the facilities extended for transaction contracts

(billion rials)

	Monetary base ▲	Money (M1)	Currency with the public	Demand deposits	Non-demand deposits (quasi-money)	Total non-public sector deposits	Liquidity (M2)
	(Figures in pa	rentheses indica	ate percentage change of	over the last mor	nth of the previous ye	ear)	
1384	220,541.4	317,919.4	50,675.6	267,243.8	603,100.0	870,343.8	921,019.4
	(45.9)	(25.8)	(13.2)	(28.5)	(39.3)	(35.8)	(34.3)
1385	279,975.1	414,544.9	61,451.6	353,093.3	869,654.5	1,222,747.8	1,284,199.4
	(26.9)	(30.4)	(21.3)	(32.1)	(44.2)	(40.5)	(39.4)
1386	365,499.0	535,707.3	79,909.2	455,798.1	1,104,585.7	1,560,383.8	1,640,293.0
	(30.5)	(29.2)	(30.0)	(29.1)	(27.0)	(27.6)	(27.7)
1387	539,405.9	525,482.5	157,764.2	367,718.3	1,375,883.5	1,743,601.8	1,901,366.
	(47.6)	(-1.9)	(97.4)	(-19.3)	(24.6)	(11.7)	(15.9)
	(Figures in pa	rentheses indica	ate percentage change of	over the last mor	nth of the previous ye	ear)	
1387:							
Q2	424,456.0	493,071.5	104,139.7	388,931.8	1,177,537.7	1,566,469.5	1,670,609.2
	(16.1)	(-8.0)	(30.3)	(-14.7)	(6.6)	(0.4)	(1.8)
Q3	436,999.9	470,494.9	117,919.7	352,575.2	1,234,448.9	1,587,024.1	1,704,943.
	(19.6)	(-12.2)	(47.6)	(-22.6)	(11.8)	(1.7)	(3.9)
Q4	539,405.9	525,482.5	157,764.2	367,718.3	1,375,883.5	1,743,601.8	1,901,366.
	(47.6)	(-1.9)	(97.4)	(-19.3)	(24.6)	(11.7)	(15.9)
1388:	402.456.6	106.216.6	124 502 2	251 5412	1 404 120 5		1 050 105
Q1	493,476.6	486,346.6	134,782.3	351,564.3	1,484,138.5	1,835,702.8	1,970,485.
	(-8.5)	(-7.4)	(-14.6)	(-4.4)	(7.9)	(5.3)	(3.6)
Q2	518,243.1	515,762.2	144,371.3	371,390.9	1,600,851.6	1,972,242.5	2,116,613.
	(-3.9)	(-1.8)	(-8.5)	(1.0)	(16.4)	(13.1)	(11.3)
Q3	491,471.4	507,315.7	141,556.0	365,759.7	1,664,607.1	2,030,366.8	2,171,922.
	(-8.9)	(-3.5)	(-10.3)	(-0.5)	(21.0)	(16.4)	(14.2)
1200	(Figures in pare	entheses indicat	e percentage change ov	er respective me	onth of the previous y	/ear)	
1388: Tir	499,599.3	503,112.2	139,700.7	363,411.5	1,521,040.7	1,884,452.2	2,024,152.
	(37.1)	(0.7)	(100.4)	(-15.5)	(32.8)	(19.6)	(23.0)
Mordad	509,715.2	499,542.9	141,928.8	357,614.1	1,564,537.4	1,922,151.5	2,064,080.
	(30.3)	(1.4)	(65.8)	(-12.1)	(34.6)	(22.5)	(24.7)
Shahrivar	518,243.1	515,762.2	144,371.3	371,390.9	1,600,851.6	1,972,242.5	2,116,613.
511411111 W	(22.1)	(4.6)	(38.6)	(-4.5)	(35.9)	(25.9)	(26.7)
Mehr	498,066.8	500,982.1	143,039.0	357,943.1	1,619,474.9	1,977,418.0	2,120,457.
.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(18.1)	(1.9)	(26.4)	(-5.4)	(34.6)	(25.1)	(25.2)
Aban	491,007.1	502,819.4	141,753.5	361,065.9	1,633,206.7	1,994,272.6	2,136,026.
Avan	(13.8)	(3.7)	(22.6)	(-2.3)	(33.8)		(25.3)
Azar	491,471.4	507,315.7	141,556.0	365,759.7	1,664,607.1	(25.5) 2,030,366.8	2,171,922.
Azar	(12.5)	(7.8)	(20.0)	(3.7)	(34.8)	(27.9)	(27.4)

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes private sector's deposits with private banks and credit institutions. Moreover, it excludes commercial banks' branches abroad.

# Monetary and Credit Aggregates (End of Period) (1)

(billion rials)

	N	Net foreign asse	ets	Banks clain	Banks claims on non-public sector			
	Central Bank	Banks	Banking system	Commercial banks	Specialized banks	All banks (2)	system claims on public sector	
	(Figu	ires in parentheses i	ndicate percentage cl	hange over the last mont	h of the previous y	vear)		
1384	257,567.0	41,167.6	298,734.6	556,380.1	203,760.0	865,315.4	235,607.7	
	(40.5)	(75.6)	(44.5)	(28.1)	(43.5)	(38.3)	(-0.1)	
1385	371,195.4	53,835.4	425,030.8	775,113.0	281,621.6	1,226,201.0	256,219.8	
	(44.1)	(30.8)	(42.3)	(39.3)	(38.2)	(41.7)	(8.7)	
1386	438,630.2	32,149.3	470,779.5	1,061,536.0	345,364.4	1,663,725.7	280,636.7	
	(18.2)	(-40.3)	(10.8)	(37.0)	(22.6)	(35.7)	(9.5)	
1387▲	562,663.7	41,587.2	604,250.9	1,120,155.9	399,368.1	1,866,550.9	291,539.4	
	(28.3)	(29.4)	(28.4)	(5.5)	(15.6)	(12.2)	(3.9)	
	(Figu	ires in parentheses i	ndicate percentage cl	hange over the last mont	h of the previous y	vear)		
1387:								
Q2	533,085.4	-8,078.3	525,007.1	1,070,661.4	362,747.5	1,728,896.1	275,814.0	
	(21.5)	(-125.1)	(11.5)	(0.9)	(5.0)	(3.9)	(-1.7)	
Q3	564,116.1	-3,751.2	560,364.9	1,079,538.1	375,746.0	1,761,724.5	285,831.4	
	(28.6)	(-111.7)	(19.0)	(1.7)	(8.8)	(5.9)	(1.9)	
Q4 <b>▲</b>	562,663.7	41,587.2	604,250.9	1,120,155.9	399,368.1	1,866,550.9	291,539.4	
	(28.3)	(29.4)	(28.4)	(5.5)	(15.6)	(12.2)	(3.9)	
1388:								
Q1	583,097.4	64,444.6	647,542.0	1,136,369.4	409,403.5	1,904,023.4	315,610.8	
	(3.6)	(55.0)	(7.2)	(1.4)	(2.5)	(2.0)	(8.3)	
Q2 <b>▲</b>	641,281.0	70,553.1	711,834.1	1,165,229.0	424,538.6	1,954,584.0	319,107.5	
	(14.0)	(69.7)	(17.8)	(4.0)	(6.3)	(4.7)	(9.5)	
Q3	630,774.6	103,341.7	734,116.3	1,196,994.4	448,239.2	2,021,375.7	323,535.9	
	(12.1)	(148.5)	(21.5)	(6.9)	(12.2)	(8.3)	(11.0)	
	(Figure	es in parentheses in	dicate percentage cha	ange over respective mor	nth of the previous	year)		
1388:	613,967.0	74,605.2	688,572.2	1,147,141.6	415,234.8	1 024 097 1	315,478.7	
Tir▲						1,924,987.1		
N 1 1 4	(36.2)	(199.5)	(44.7)	(6.6)	(14.2)	(11.5)	(15.6)	
Mordad ▲	623,535.3	72,596.2	696,131.5	1,153,953.1	421,248.8	1,938,278.5	314,537.3	
	(39.8)		(57.2)	(7.2)	(17.8)	(12.4)	(14.1)	
Shahrivar▲	641,281.0	70,553.1	711,834.1	1,165,229.0	424,538.6	1,954,584.0	319,107.5	
	(20.3)	0	(35.6)	(8.8)	(17.0)	(13.1)	(15.7)	
Mehr	624,418.5	88,159.9	712,578.4	1,173,425.8	431,183.4	1,972,065.0	327,347.2	
	(12.5)	0	(28.9)	(9.2)	(17.8)	(13.5)	(15.6)	
Aban	624,074.1	91,015.6	715,089.7	1,192,577.7	439,499.2	2,006,560.5	320,492.0	
	(14.9)	0	(33.0)	(10.5)	(18.5)	(14.5)	(13.4)	
Azar	630,774.6	103,341.7	734,116.3	1,196,994.4	448,239.2	2,021,375.7	323,535.9	
	(11.8)	•	(31.0)	(10.9)	(19.3)	(14.7)	(13.2)	

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes commercial banks' branches abroad.

<sup>(2)</sup> Discrepancy is due to the inclusion of private banks and credit institutions.

	Government	indebtedness to	Public corp institutions in		Banking system claims		ctor deposits king system
	Central Bank	Banks	Central Bank	Banks	on public & non-public sectors	Government	Public corporations & institutions
	(Figure	s in parentheses indicar	te percentage change of	over the last month	of the previous y	vear)	
1384	101,254.9	34,539.6	21,957.4	77,855.8	1,100,923.1	156,378.9	11,288.5
	(-9.5)	(-6.1)	(7.5)	(16.6)	(27.8)	(72.3)	(61.1)
1385	104,094.8	56,174.5	27,337.4	68,613.1	1,482,420.8	208,532.4	12,089.0
	(2.8)	(62.6)	(24.5)	(-11.9)	(34.7)	(33.4)	(7.1)
1386	97,842.0	90,881.6	33,917.9	57,995.2	1,944,362.4	247,774.9	17,481.1
	(-6.0)	(61.8)	(24.1)	(-15.5)	(31.2)	(18.8)	(44.6)
1387	91,423.4	115,502.5	38,835.9	45,777.6	2,158,090.3	319,542.4	16,078.2
	(-6.6)	(27.1)	(14.5)	(-21.1)	(11.0)	(29.0)	(-8.0)
	(Figure	s in parentheses indica	te percentage change of	over the last month	of the previous y	vear)	
1387:							
Q2	98,849.0	85,516.9	39,108.9	52,339.2	2,004,710.1	363,674.9	22,909.5
	(1.0)	(-5.9)	(15.3)	(-9.8)	(3.1)	(46.8)	(31.1)
Q3	101,418.1	101,020.5	34,398.0	48,994.8	2,047,555.9	380,865.6	16,977.9
	(3.7)	(11.2)	(1.4)	(-15.5)	(5.3)	(53.7)	(-2.9)
Q4	91,423.4	115,502.5	38,835.9	45,777.6	2,158,090.3	319,542.4	16,078.2
	(-6.6)	(27.1)	(14.5)	(-21.1)	(11.0)	(29.0)	(-8.0)
1388:							
Q1	90,933.4	128,414.3	42,093.4	54,169.7	2,219,634.2	348,655.6	17,186.7
	(-0.5)	(11.2)	(8.4)	(18.3)	(2.9)	(9.1)	(6.9)
Q2	91,829.8	134,505.6	41,684.0	51,088.1	2,273,691.5	366,228.5	15,053.9
	(0.4)	(16.5)	(7.3)	(11.6)	(5.4)	(14.6)	(-6.4)
Q3	91,861.3	139,601.6	41,414.2	50,658.8	2,344,911.6	373,247.8	15,496.2
	(0.5)	(20.9)	(6.6)	(10.7)	(8.7)	(16.8)	(-3.6)
	(Figures	in parentheses indicate	percentage change ov	er respective mon	th of the previous	year)	
1388:				40.004.4			
Tir	91,528.5	131,850.9	43,198.2	48,901.1	2,240,465.8	360,973.6	17,003.9
	(-7.4)	(47.4)	(38.8)	(-8.8)	(12.0)	(21.2)	(11.8)
Mordad	91,529.8	132,559.7	41,293.0	49,154.8	2,252,815.8	343,572.0	15,186.7
	(-7.2)	(44.1)	(30.8)	(-8.3)	(12.7)	(16.7)	(18.1)
Shahrivar	91,829.8	134,505.6	41,684.0	51,088.1	2,273,691.5	366,228.5	15,053.9
	(-7.1)	(57.3)	(6.6)	(-2.4)	(13.4)	(0.7)	(-34.3)
Mehr	91,762.4	142,218.4	42,059.9	51,306.5	2,299,412.2	360,224.6	14,074.5
	(-9.9)	(42.9)	(32.0)	(2.9)	(13.8)	(-3.7)	(-25.8)
Aban	91,789.6	136,869.0	41,439.2	50,394.2	2,327,052.5	364,858.6	14,004.5
	(-9.4)	(37.8)	(26.5)	(2.1)	(14.3)	(3.3)	(-14.9)
Azar	91,861.3	139,601.6	41,414.2	50,658.8	2,344,911.6	373,247.8	15,496.2
	(-9.4)	(38.2)	(20.4)	(3.4)	(14.5)	(-2.0)	(-8.7)

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes commercial banks' branches abroad.

	Notes & coins	Notes & coins	Banks dep Central		Central Ban	ık claims on
	issued	with banks	Legal	Demand (2)	Commercial banks	Specialized banks
	(Figures in parenthese	es indicate percentage	change over the last	month of the previous	s year)	
1384	56,502.2	5,005.4	128,002.2	36,858.2	27,965.0	7,951.2
	(15.6)	(35.1)	(35.3)	(352.3)	(64.9)	(75.2)
1385	68,109.0	6,037.5	184,827.7	27,658.3	37,271.6	17,615.7
	(20.5)	(20.6)	(44.4)	(-25.0)	(33.3)	(121.5)
1386	89,247.5	8,137.8	235,840.6	41,611.4	83,479.6	52,390.7
	(31.0)	(34.8)	(27.6)	(50.4)	(124.0)	(197.4)
1387▲	207,346.7	48,588.0	225,227.9	107,825.8	157,971.4	74,810.5
	(132.3)	(497.1)	(-4.5)	(159.1)	(89.2)	(42.8)
	(Figures in parenthese	es indicate percentage	change over the last	month of the previou	s year)	<u> </u>
1387:						
Q2	142,578.2	35,416.7	234,320.0	50,579.6	135,160.2	83,833.4
	(59.8)	(335.2)	(-0.6)	(21.6)	(61.9)	(60.0)
Q3	159,473.7	38,579.7	212,900.4	67,600.1	149,686.8	62,164.8
	(78.7)	(374.1)	(-9.7)	(62.5)	(79.3)	(18.7)
Q4 <b>▲</b>	207,346.7	48,588.0	225,227.9	107,825.8	157,971.4	74,810.5
	(132.3)	(497.1)	(-4.5)	(159.1)	(89.2)	(42.8)
1388:						
Q1	213,241.5	61,531.7	215,033.4	82,129.2	149,992.5	71,210.3
	(2.8)	(26.6)	(-4.5)	(-23.8)	(-5.1)	(-4.8)
Q2 <b>▲</b>	219,082.9	60,721.9	233,093.8	80,056.1	128,162.1	64,418.3
	(5.7)	(25.0)	(3.5)	(-25.8)	(-18.9)	(-13.9)
Q3	220,360.1	66,125.0	234,679.0	49,111.4	114,831.3	72,217.9
Ų3	(6.3)	(36.1)	(4.2)	(-54.5)	(-27.3)	(-3.5)
				1 1		(-3.3)
1388:	(Figures in parentheses	indicate percentage cr	lange over respective	month of the previou	is year)	
Tir ▲	217,471.7	61,470.6	222,085.5	76,342.5	142,656.1	73,025.1
	(143.6)	(314.4)	(-5.5)	(70.2)	(22.5)	(0.6)
Mordad <b>▲</b>	218,344.6	61,661.4	226,692.8	79,432.2	129,824.3	67,005.7
Mordad =	ŕ					
Chalmirrag A	(80.1)	(88.9)	(-4.7)	(125.9)	(-0.9)	(-11.7)
Shahrivar▲	219,082.9	60,721.9	233,093.8	80,056.1	128,162.1	64,418.3
	(53.7)	(71.4)	(-0.5)	(58.3)	(-5.2)	(-23.2)
Mehr	218,241.2	64,143.0	234,639.9	56,244.9	125,508.8	62,770.5
	(47.8)	(103.5)	(10.3)	(-12.7)	(2.7)	(-20.7)
Aban	219,443.0	65,421.9	234,283.1	49,548.6	118,538.9	72,422.4
	(41.6)	(79.9)	(9.9)	(-25.2)	(-14.4)	(7.5)
Azar	220,360.1	66,125.0	234,679.0	49,111.4	114,831.3	72,217.9
	(38.2)	(71.4)	(10.2)	(-27.4)	(-23.3)	(16.2)

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes commercial banks' branches abroad.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes special term deposits. As of Esfand, 1385, it includes banks' foreign exchange demand deposits with the CBI.

# Tehran Stock Exchange (TSE) Activities (1)

	(end o	Price index of period) (136	9=100)	Dividend index	Market capitalization (end of period)	Number of	Number of listed
	Total	Financial	Industrial	(end of period) (2)	(billion rials)	trading days	companies
	(Fi	gures in parenthe	ses indicate per	centage change over the p	revious period)		
1384	9,459.4	20,941.4	7,427.3	4,692.2	325,727.8	244	414
	(-21.9)	(-38.8)	(-19.4)	(11.8)	(-16.0)		
1385	9,821.0	20,770.4	7,751.6	5,182.0	395,028.2	239	417
	(3.8)	(-0.8)	(4.4)	(10.4)	(21.3)		
1386	10,081.9	20,882.6	7,967.0	5,934.4	462,105.3	242	415
	(2.7)	(0.5)	(2.8)	(14.5)	(17.0)		
1387	7,966.5	20,552.8	6,172.6	••	448,955.0	238	346
	(-21.0)	(-1.6)	(-22.5)	θ	(-2.8)		
	(Fi	gures in parenthe	ses indicate per	centage change over the p	revious period)		
1387:							
Q2	11,763.0	25,679.0	9,260.0	6,607.0	651,126.0	64	380
	(1.7)	(19.5)	(0.4)	(8.9)	(19.7)		
Q3	8,857.0	21,675.0	6,901.0	••	493,212.0	59	344
	(-24.7)	(-15.6)	(-25.5)	θ	(-24.3)		
Q4	7,966.5	20,552.8	6,172.6	••	448,955.0	58	346
	(-10.1)	(-5.2)	(-10.6)	θ	(-9.0)		
1388:							
Q1	9,258.4	23,426.5	7,204.9	••	541,426.0	62	348
	(16.2)	(14.0)	(16.7)	θ	(20.6)		
Q2	11,479.8	25,735.5	9,132.3	••	601,289.0	63	334
	(24.0)	(9.9)	(26.8)	θ	(11.1)		
Q3	11,274.9	29,599.0	8,702.0		589,915.0	61	336
	(-1.8)	(15.0)	(-4.7)	θ	(-1.9)		
				centage change over the p			
1388:	(11	gares in parentile	ses mareate per	onage change over the p	revious monun,		
Tir	9,522.2	24,611.3	7,376.2	••	520,507.0	20	349
	(2.8)	(5.1)	(2.4)	θ	(-3.9)		
Mordad	10,555.4	25,143.3	8,306.9		552,667.0	21	334
	(10.9)	(2.2)	(12.6)	θ	(6.2)		
Shahrivar						22	334
Shamivai	11,479.8 (8.8)	25,735.5	9,132.3	. 0	601,289.0	22	334
		(2.4)	(9.9)	θ	(8.8)	20	226
Mehr	12,176.3	29,486.2	9,552.4		638,646.0	20	336
	(6.1)	(14.6)	(4.6)	θ	(6.2)		
Aban	12,086.7	31,366.5	9,351.3	<b></b>	632,668.0	21	336
	(-0.7)	(6.4)	(-2.1)	θ	(-0.9)		
Azar	11,274.9	29,599.0	8,702.0		589,915.0	20	336
	(-6.7)	(-5.6)	(-6.9)	θ	(-6.8)		

Source: Until 1386, Securities and Exchange Organization and as of 1387, the TSE

<sup>(1)</sup> Data related to indices and market capitalization exclude the unofficial board. As of Aban 1387, the remaining companies on the unofficial board were eliminated from the TSE.

<sup>(2)</sup> As of Azar 1387, data related to dividend index are not available.

# Tehran Stock Exchange (TSE) Activities (1)

	Share tr	ading <sup>(2)</sup>	Securi	ties (3)	Public shar	re offering <sup>(4)</sup>
	Number (million shares)	Value (billion rials)	Number of buyers (5)	Number of tradings	Number (million shares)	Value (billion rials)
	(Figures	s in parentheses indica	te percentage change ov	ver the previous period	)	
1384	14,502.9	56,528.8	1,196,545	2,115,244	157.6	652.2
	(2.3)	(-45.5)	(-23.8)	(-9.6)	(-76.9)	(-90.4)
1385	15,839.5	55,711.6	987,404	1,866,192	2,878.4	7,795.3
	(9.2)	(-1.4)	(-17.5)	(-11.8)	•	
1386	23,400.9	73,074.3	1,095,359	2,112,065	8,076.8	21,730.0
	(47.7)	(31.2)	(10.9)	(13.2)	(180.6)	(178.8)
1387	47,975.4	137,385.4	••	1,873,638	27,550.9	75,828.4
	(105.0)	(88.0)	θ	(-11.3)	(241.1)	(249.0)
	(Figures	s in parentheses indica	te percentage change ov	ver the previous period	)	
1387:	17.070.2	71 200 0	202 818	725 092	0.521.0	29 071 0
Q2	17,970.2 (128.2)	71,388.8 (132.6)	392,818 (68.0)	735,082 (59.4)	8,521.0 (104.7)	38,071.0 (118.8)
Q3	16,122.4	26,457.8		359,356	11,360.4	14,631.0
Q3	(-10.3)	(-62.9)		(-51.1)	(33.3)	(-61.6)
0.4			θ			
Q4	6,007.2	8,850.1	••	318,099	3,507.1	5,727.2
1200	(-62.7)	(-66.6)	θ	(-11.5)	(-69.1)	(-60.9)
1388:	12 612 0	18,113.4	120 271	665.065	6.461.0	7 655 1
Q1 <b>▲</b>	12,613.0 (110.0)	(104.7)	129,271	665,965 (109.4)	6,461.9 (84.3)	7,655.4 (33.7)
00.4			θ			
Q2 <b>▲</b>	29,898.0	37,465.6	<b></b>	935,433	21,871.7	19,950.3
	(137.0)	(106.8)	θ	(40.6)	(238.5)	(160.6)
Q3	33,412.0	107,004.0	<b></b>	911,868	23,594.5	84,597.3
	(11.8)	(185.6)	θ	(-2.5)	(7.9)	(324.0)
	(Figures	s in parentheses indica	te percentage change ov	ver the previous month	)	
1388:						
Tir	20,007.0	18,353.0	<b></b>	213,257	18,278.7	15,372.0
	(459.2)	(244.9)	θ	(-10.3)		
Mordad	3,662.0	6,649.0	••	338,838	1,170.7	1,747.5
	(-81.7)	(-63.8)	θ	(58.9)	(-93.6)	(-88.6)
Shahrivar▲	6,229.0	12,464.0	••	383,338	2,422.3	2,830.7
	(70.1)	(87.5)	θ	(13.1)	(106.9)	(62.0)
Mehr	4,438.0	10,282.0		436,348	84.0	535.1
	(-28.8)	(-17.5)	θ	(13.8)	(-96.5)	(-81.1)
Aban	26,762.0	89,137.0	<b></b>	338,897	23,069.1	80,566.3
		<u> </u>	θ	(-22.3)	<u> </u>	0
Azar	2,213.0	7,586.0	<u></u>	136,623	441.4	3,495.9
	(-91.7)	(-91.5)	θ	(-59.7)	(-98.1)	(-95.7)

Source: Until 1386, Securities and Exchange Organization and as of 1387, the TSE

- (1) Discrepancies are related to figures released by Securities and Exchange Organization and the TSE.
- (2) As of 1385, it includes the unofficial board. As of Aban 1387, the remaining companies on the unofficial board were eliminated from the TSE.
- (3) As of 1385, it includes shares traded and participation papers.
- (4) As of 1385, the number and value of offered shares include Justice (Edalat) and Preferred (Tarjihi) shares.
- (5) In certain months, data on the number of buyers were not released.

Government Budget (1) (billion rials)

		Revenue	s	Evneses	Onoughter	Disposal	of non-finan	cial assets	Acquisition	Net disposal
	Total	Taxes (2)	Other revenues (3)	- Expenses (current ex.) (3) (5)	Operating balance (4)	Total	Oil (5)	Others	of non- financial assets	of non- financial assets <sup>(6)</sup>
			(Figures in par	rentheses indicate	percentage char	nge over the	previous period	)		
1385	231,130.8	151,620.9	79,509.9	415,788.1	-184,657.3	182,797.2	181,881.2	916.0	145,571.0	37,226.2
	(-50.5)	(12.7)	(-76.1)	(-30.4)		(-2.4)	(-2.4)	(-3.8)	(23.7)	
1386	298,203.1	191,815.3	106,387.8	421,334.1	-123,131.0	174,791.8	173,519.1	1,272.7	157,215.8	17,576.1
	(29.0)	(26.5)	(33.8)	(1.3)		(-4.4)	(-4.6)	(38.9)	(8.0)	
1387	379,338.5	239,741.4	139,597.1	564,290.0	-184,951.5	216,636.7	215,650.3	986.5	213,495.8	3,140.9
	(27.2)	(25.0)	(31.2)	(33.9)		(23.9)	(24.3)	(-22.5)	(35.8)	
1388 (approved	454,770.9	300,600.7	154,170.2	571,046.6	-116,275.7	169,837.9	159,647.5	10,190.4	219,253.9	-49,416.0
budget) (7)	(19.9)	(25.4)	(10.4)	(1.2)		(-21.6)	(-26.0)	•	(2.7)	
1387:										
Q2	100,435.2	74,078.8	26,356.4	158,614.2	-58,104.5	71,183.6	70,943.3	240.3	58,611.6	12,572.0
	(43.4)	(53.7)	(20.7)	(46.7)		(30.2)	(30.4)	(-8.5)	(169.1)	
Q3	106,889.0	60,973.0	45,916.0	146,232.2	-41,317.1	51,592.7	51,324.5	268.2	60,897.6	-9,304.9
	(6.4)	(-17.7)	(74.2)	(-7.8)		(-27.5)	(-27.7)	(11.6)	(3.9)	
Q4	101,990.3	56,498.7	45,491.6	151,356.0	-41,530.3	39,190.6	38,975.2	215.3	72,204.4	-33,013.9
	(-4.6)	(-7.3)	(-0.9)	(3.5)		(-24.0)	(-24.1)	(-19.7)	(18.6)	
1388:										
Q1	67,509.3	49,344.0	18,165.3	115,924.2	-63,719.7	69,663.7	69,476.6	187.1	11,026.0	57,521.3
	(-33.8)	(-12.7)	(-60.1)	(-23.4)		(77.8)	(78.3)	(-13.1)	(-84.7)	
Q2	126,339.9	81,659.5	44,680.4	162,439.9	-33,171.7	38,684.8	38,524.2	160.6	64,661.9	-24,860.7
	(87.1)	(65.5)	(146.0)	(40.1)		(-44.5)	(-44.6)	(-14.1)	(486.4)	
Q3	123,311.4	78,644.6	44,666.7	118,435.6	6,882.1	27,283.2	27,089.0	194.2	56,527.8	-29,244.6
	(-2.4)	(-3.7)	(0.0)	(-27.1)		(-29.5)	(-29.7)	(20.9)	(-12.6)	
1388:										
Tir	36,092.1	30,920.6	5,171.5	56,826.6	-18,558.1	21,528.0	21,477.7	50.2	19,226.3	3,338.3
	(42.3)	(107.0)	(-50.4)	(-40.1)		(1.5)	(1.6)	(-28.8)	(106.0)	
Mordad	53,705.2	24,280.3	29,425.0	55,501.0	-3,553.2	8,579.1	8,523.5	55.7	27,784.9	-19,132.1
	(48.8)	(-21.5)	(469.0)	(-2.3)		(-60.1)	(-60.3)	(10.8)	(44.5)	
Shahrivar	36,542.6	26,458.6	10,084.0	50,112.2	-11,060.4	8,577.8	8,523.0	54.8	17,650.7	-9,066.9
	(-32.0)	(9.0)	(-65.7)	(-9.7)		(0.0)	(0.0)	(-1.6)	(-36.5)	
Mehr	43,537.8	22,040.6	21,497.3	39,397.1	3,429.5	8,660.5	8,592.0	68.5	10,556.6	-1,896.2
	(19.1)	(-16.7)	(113.2)	(-21.4)		(1.0)	(0.8)	(25.0)	(-40.2)	
Aban	38,127.7	29,065.1	9,062.6	39,548.9	1,096.6	9,533.1	9,461.0	72.1	30,221.0	-20,687.9
	(-12.4)	(31.9)	(-57.8)	(0.4)		(10.1)	(10.1)	(5.4)	(186.3)	
Azar	41,645.9	27,538.9	14,106.9	39,489.6	2,356.0	9,089.6	9,036.0	53.6	15,750.2	-6,660.5
	(9.2)	(-5.3)	(55.7)	(-0.1)		(-4.7)	(-4.5)	(-25.7)	(-47.9)	

Source: Ministry of Economic Affairs and Finance, and annual budget laws

<sup>(1)</sup> Components may not sum to total because of rounding. (2) It includes tax on oil performance. (3) Other revenues include the provisional profit on government's share in the total value of crude oil production. (4) In monthly and quarterly data, it includes revolving funds of provinces, and revolving funds of salary and expenditures. (5) In 1387, it includes the figure for transparency of energy carriers (subject of Single Article of the Budget Law for 1387). (6) In monthly and quarterly data, it includes revolving funds – credits for the acquisition of non-financial assets. (7) Based on the decision taken by the President's special representative, to balance sources and uses and to reduce the Rls. 85 trillion deficit of the Budget Law for 1388, the approved expenses and acquisition of non-financial assets were reduced by Rls. 20,300 billion and Rls. 64,700 billion, respectively.

Government Budget (1)	(billion rials)
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	Net lending	Transaction of financial		D	isposal of fi	nancial assets	S		Acquisition of financial	Change in balance of
	(+) / borrowing (-) (2)	assets and liabilities (3)	Sale of participation papers	Foreign borrowing	Withdrawal from OSF	Privatization revenues	Returns from previous years	Others (4)	assets	foreign exchange obligations account (5)
1385	-147,431.2	147,431.2	4,986.1	669.2	142,573.0	818.6	9,825.7	2,188.5	13,630.0	-10.6
1386	-105,554.9	105,554.9	4,893.3	1,228.8	116,494.3	32,956.9	7,936.3	2,604.5	60,559.2	-0.8
1387	-181,810.6	181,810.6	0.0	849.6	184,223.5	10,959.3	21,179.4	1,048.2	36,449.4	4.8
1388 (approved budget) <sup>(6)</sup>	-165,691.7	165,691.7	0.0	3,693.5	133,117.0	117,000.0	12,000.0	1,713.5	101,832.3	
1387:										
Q2	-45,532.5	45,532.5	0.0	0.0	109,749.9	3,476.5	4,510.7	354.7	72,559.2	0.0
Q3	-50,622.0	50,622.0	0.0	81.4	34,484.0	518.9	2,731.0	258.6	-12,548.1	1.8
Q4	-74,544.1	74,544.1	0.0	768.2	39,989.6	2,227.2	1,367.3	321.2	-29,870.7	0.1
1388:										
Q1	-6,198.4	6,198.4	0.0	0.0	19,122.0	2,112.1	17,573.7	253.1	32,862.4	0.1
Q2	-58,032.4	58,032.4	0.0	117.3	67,057.7	4,769.0	3,520.6	0.0	17,432.3	-531.3
Q3	-22,362.5	22,362.5	0.0	71.8	26,298.6	17,477.4	957.8	54.7	22,497.9	-202.9
1388:										
Tir	-15,219.8	15,219.8	0.0	0.0	23,967.9	578.9	763.7	0.0	10,090.6	-496.2
Mordad	-22,685.3	22,685.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	2,281.2	2,335.8	0.0	-18,068.3	-35.1
Shahrivar	-20,127.3	20,127.3	0.0	117.3	43,089.9	1,909.0	421.1	0.0	25,409.9	0.0
Mehr	1,533.4	-1,533.4	0.0	0.0	3,847.4	277.5	327.9	0.0	5,986.2	-121.8
Aban	-19,591.3	19,591.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	17,199.8	244.7	24.1	-2,122.6	0.0
Azar	-4,304.6	4,304.6	0.0	71.8	22,451.3	0.0	385.2	30.6	18,634.3	-81.1

Source: Ministry of Economic Affairs and Finance, and annual budget laws

<sup>(1)</sup> Components may not sum to total because of rounding. (2) It is the sum of operating balance and net disposal of non-financial assets. (3) It is the differential of disposal and acquisition of financial assets. (4) Includes principal of government loans (domestic and foreign), and utilization of revolving funds of the Treasury. (5) In this column, (-) means increase and (+) means decrease in balance of the account. (6) Based on the decision taken by the President's special representative, to balance sources and uses and to reduce the Rls. 85 trillion deficit of the Budget Law for 1388, the approved expenses and acquisition of non-financial assets were reduced by Rls. 20,300 billion and Rls. 64,700 billion, respectively.

Government Budget (1)

(billion rials)

(Figures in parentheses _			,	<b>Tax revenues</b>				
indicate percentage change		Direct	I	ndirect ta	xes			
over the previous period)	Total	Corporate tax (2)	Income tax	Wealth tax	Total	Import tax	Tax on goods and services	
1385	97,691.3	72,861.7	19,451.3	5,378.3	53,929.6	39,806.3	14,123.3	
	(16.3)	(13.0)	(27.5)	(24.6)	(6.7)	(10.7)	(-3.2)	
1386	126,333.6	92,610.8	25,960.6	7,762.3	65,481.7	48,818.9	16,662.7	
	(29.3)	(27.1)	(33.5)	(44.3)	(21.4)	(22.6)	(18.0)	
1387	167,152.5	127,794.2	31,587.7	7,770.6	72,588.9	56,689.1	15,899.8	
	(32.3)	(38.0)	(21.7)	(0.1)	(10.9)	(16.1)	(-4.6)	
1388 (approved budget)	194,186.7	143,157.7	41,815.0	9,214.0	106,414.0	66,843.0	39,571.0	
	(16.2)	(12.0)	(32.4)	(18.6)	(46.6)	(17.9)	(148.9)	
1387:								
Q2	56,637.1	45,296.1	9,200.1	2,140.9	17,441.7	13,447.2	3,994.5	
	(80.4)	(100.2)	(39.0)	(-0.7)	(3.9)	(7.5)	(-6.5)	
Q3	42,768.6	32,621.3	8,388.3	1,759.0	18,204.4	15,645.5	2,558.9	
	(-24.5)	(-28.0)	(-8.8)	(-17.8)	(4.4)	(16.3)	(-35.9)	
Q4	36,342.9	27,246.6	7,381.0	1,715.2	20,155.8	15,081.9	5,073.8	
	(-15.0)	(-16.5)	(-12.0)	(-2.5)	(10.7)	(-3.6)	(98.3)	
1388:								
Q1	32,453.9	22,589.8	8,143.8	1,720.3	16,890.1	10,365.7	6,524.3	
	(-10.7)	(-17.1)	(10.3)	(0.3)	(-16.2)	(-31.3)	(28.6)	
Q2	61,030.8	50,173.3	9,290.9	1,566.5	20,628.7	15,069.9	5,558.8	
	(88.1)	(122.1)	(14.1)	(-8.9)	(22.1)	(45.4)	(-14.8)	
Q3	58,477.9	47,445.7	8,692.6	2,339.6	20,166.7	12,635.8	7,531.0	
	(-4.2)	(-5.4)	(-6.4)	(49.4)	(-2.2)	(-16.2)	(35.5)	
1388:								
Tir	23,173.0	18,831.3	3,831.9	509.8	7,747.6	5,392.3	2,355.3	
	(134.1)	(171.6)	(59.8)	(-9.8)	(53.6)	(31.6)	(149.6)	
Mordad	17,508.5	14,372.0	2,597.5	539.0	6,771.8	5,138.0	1,633.8	
	(-24.4)	(-23.7)	(-32.2)	(5.7)	(-12.6)	(-4.7)	(-30.6)	
Shahrivar	20,349.3	16,970.0	2,861.6	517.7	6,109.3	4,539.6	1,569.7	
	(16.2)	(18.1)	(10.2)	(-4.0)	(-9.8)	(-11.6)	(-3.9)	
Mehr	14,293.2	10,640.2	2,852.3	800.7	7,747.4	3,361.0	4,386.4	
	(-29.8)	(-37.3)	(-0.3)	(54.7)	(26.8)	(-26.0)	(179.4)	
Aban	22,226.6	18,408.1	2,977.0	841.4	6,838.5	5,422.4	1,416.2	
	(55.5)	(73.0)	(4.4)	(5.1)	(-11.7)	(61.3)	(-67.7)	
Azar	21,958.1	18,397.3	2,863.3	697.5	5,580.8	3,852.4	1,728.4	
	(-1.2)	(-0.1)	(-3.8)	(-17.1)	(-18.4)	(-29.0)	(22.0)	

Source: Ministry of Economic Affairs and Finance, and annual budget laws

<sup>(1)</sup> Components may not sum to total because of rounding.

<sup>(2)</sup> It includes tax on oil performance.

### **Summary of the Current Monetary Policy**

### Monetary and Credit Policies in 1388 (2009/10)

In 1388 (2009/10), the Supervisory-Policy Guideline of the banking system, comprising 6 Chapters and 51 Articles, was approved and dispatched to banks and credit institutions on 23/01/1388 (April 12, 2009). Chapters 2 and 3 of this Guideline are devoted to monetary and credit policies of Iran as follows:

### **Monetary Policy**

- **Article 2-** For precise and complete implementation of the Law for Usury Free Banking and the receipt of real profit on participatory contracts, the banks' lending rates for these contracts in 1388 will be set according to proportion mentioned in the contract and for transaction contracts will remain at the same level as the previous year.
  - **Note 1:** Extension of banking facilities at a lower lending rate is conditioned on the payment of subsidies by the government and realization of the project objectives according to the government priorities.
  - **Note 2:** In extending banking facilities to clients, the banks have to be assured that the principal and the expected profit of the loan will be recovered when the loan installments come due.
  - **Note 3:** For housing hire purchase, households consumer durable purchase (worth Rls. 20 million), loan to productive units (up to Rls. 500 million), and lease of vehicles, the banks should extend loans under transaction contracts.
- **Article 3-** The maximum banking commission for investment deposits is set at 3 percent.
  - **Note 1:** The banks' board of directors should set the commission for investment deposits at the beginning of the year through media accordingly. The said commission rate would form a competitive edge in the banks' marketing strategy.
  - **Note 2:** Banking commission may vary for different banks and across different deposits (short- and long-term, and special); however, this rate should not exceed 3 percent.
- **Article 4-** In order to increase the share of banks' long-term deposits and strengthen sustainability of these deposits, the reserve requirement ratio of the banks in 1388 (2009/10) is determined as shown in the respective table:
  - **Note 1:** The reserve requirement ratio of public specialized banks remains the same as before.
  - **Note 2:** The excess reserve of the banks, after lowering the different reserve requirements of the banks, will be used in priority order for the purpose of banks' debt payment to the CBI, loan for working capital of productive units and incomplete projects, investment for productive units, and interbank loans.

Reserve requir	ement ratio	(percent)
Type of deposit	1387 (2008/09)	1388 (2009/10)
Gharz-al-hasaneh savings	10	10
Demand and others	20	17
Short-term investment	17	16
One-year investment	17	15
Two- and three-year investment	15	13
Four-year investment	13	12
Five-year investment	11	10

- **Article 5-** Profit payment to deposit holders by banks during the investment period will be made according to the provisional annual profit rates as shown in the respective table:
  - **Note 1:** Based on banks' profit and audited financial statement and the approval of the CBI, the provisional deposit rates under Islamic contracts will be finalized.
  - **Note 2:** Profit rate of special investment deposits and Certificates of Deposit of at least one-year maturity is payable at a maximum of 15 percent upon presentation of feasibility reports of the underlying projects and approval of the Central Bank.
- **Article 6-** Central Bank is authorized, upon receiving necessary permits, to issue participation papers as required in 1388 (2009/10).

Provisional deposit rate	(percent)			
Type of deposit	1388 (2009/10)			
Short-term investment (one- to four-month)	9			
Short-term investment (four-month to one-year)	12			
One-year investment	14.5			
Two-year investment	15.5			
Three-year investment	16			
Four-year investment	17			
Five-year investment	17.5			

Public corporations and municipalities are also authorized to issue participation papers in 1388 (2009/10), within the framework of the relevant laws and regulations.

Profit rate of participation papers shall be equal to the profit accrued from the investment projects. The maximum provisional profit rate of these papers is set at 16 percent.

- **Note 1:** 20 percent of the mobilized funds from the sales of participation papers shall be held by the agent bank as precautionary reserve for the likely repurchase by the agent bank.
- **Note 2:** The banks and the corporations in which banks have direct or indirect stake and roles in their management are prohibited from purchasing participation papers in the primary market.
- **Note 3:** Banks' purchasing of Central Bank participation papers in the primary market is permissible.

**Article 7-** Short-term and long-term financial borrowing/lending between the banks and the CBI and between the banks themselves will be conducted through interbank money market and with observance of the related guidelines, including the current Supervisory-Policy Guideline. However, the financial borrowing/lending should aim at establishing monetary discipline in the money market, and lowering banks' debt to the CBI and use of CBI funds.

### **Credit policy**

**Article 8-** In pursuance of Article 10, 4<sup>th</sup> FYDP, the banks are obliged to allocate at least 25 percent of their facilities to water and agriculture sector. For better allocation of credits and attainment of a balanced growth, the extending of facilities to other economic sectors is proposed as shown in the respective table:

**Article 9-** In their lending operations, the banks should set priority for incomplete projects and the working capital of productive units (export sector, entrepreneurial projects, and technology investments).

Sector	Share in total credits (percent)
Manufacturing and mining	35
Construction and housing	20
Services (including trade)	12
Export	8

**Article 10-** Loans and facilities to Mehr Housing Project and SMEs shall be committed with the observance of specific guidelines approved by these programs.

**Article 11-** The banks are obliged to give priority in their lending operations to deprived and less developed regions, and the advanced technology projects.

**Article 12-** In order to balance supply and demand in the housing market and to facilitate financing of the housing sector, banking facilities and lending operations of the banks will be conducted with due observance of the following terms:

- 1. Banking facilities shall not be extended for the purchase of housing units, both the site and the superstructure.
- 2. The banks will extend facilities solely for housing construction either by individual residential constructors or by residential construction project developers.
- **3.** The maximum loan facility and commitment for projects is set at a maximum of 80 percent of the cost price (up to Rls. 250 million) per residential unit for the duration of project execution.
- **4.** Duration of loan and facilities for housing construction projects is set at 18 months. This duration may be extended by the approval of the bank's board of directors.
- 5. Loan facilities should be disbursed in various phases and in line with housing construction physical progress.
- 6. Upon completion of civil partnership contract, the banks may transfer up to Rls. 180 million of loan principal plus the accrued profit of loan during project execution period, to installment sales for a maximum period of 15 years and eligible housing unit purchase applicants. Upon request from applicants and banks' approval, the transformation of developers' civil partnership contracts to household applicants' installment sale contracts can be carried out either through regular equal installment loans or phased incremental installment loans in conformance with purchasers' payment affordability. However, the banks are not authorized to transfer more than one residential unit to each individual applicant within this framework.
- 7. The above mentioned arrangement shall be extended within the framework of the pertinent guidelines and regulations such as those related to large single debtor ceilings and with due observance of the availability of funds of each bank. In this regard, all responsibilities shall rest on the decision making bodies of each bank.

**Note 1:** The guidelines on housing purchase loans and facilities by Bank Maskan (Housing Bank) and under special circumstances, by other banks, will be dispatched separately.

Note 2: Mehr housing facilities will be extended according to the pertinent rules and regulations.

Article 13- With housing developers' (mass producers and investors) request, the banks are allowed to transfer part of civil partnership facilities (of housing developers) in housing construction into installment sale facilities for individual home buyers. In such cases, the banks should coordinate, through syndicated arrangements (banks, and real and legal entities), to retain the constructed homes as joint collateral between the parties involved in credit transfer arrangement. In any case, the total housing facility to individual home buyers, for each housing unit, should not exceed the installment sale set limits (maximum ceiling) for individual purchases.

**Note:** If the said arrangement requires revision of current rules and regulations, the CBI shall propose the required amendments and, after the approval of the guideline by the concerned legal entities, such guidelines are dispatched to the banks accordingly.

Article 14- The banks should utilize their own funds and financial resources including the current and savings accounts, Gharz-al-hasaneh funds, term investment deposit funds, shareholder capital (public or private), interbank loans and other financial resources to extend loans and facilities to their clients. The banks should arrange to balance the sources and uses of their funds without making resort to the CBI overdraft facilities. The banks are required to pay their debt to settle the balance of their lines of credit with the CBI in 1388. Overdraft facilities or lines of credit will be approved for the banks only under exceptional circumstances at the discretion of the CBI Governor.

**Note 1:** The penalty of overdraft facilities on CBI resources is set at 34 percent per annum.

**Note 2:** Before loan approvals, the banks should conduct their own due diligence process on project appraisal on economic, financial, and technical grounds. The banks need to be assured about the feasibility and viability of projects and certainty of recovering the principal and profit of their loans. Only if banks are assured on these grounds, can they approve loan requests for project finance.

**Note 3:** The responsibility of projects' economic, financial and technical appraisal and proper use of banks loan disbursement on the approved projects in banks lending operations rest solely on the banks' boards of directors and managing directors.

With observance of CBI monetary policy guidelines, the banks can relegate responsibilities on project financing and lending operations to their lower level of entities (credit commissions, regional headquarters, and banks' branches). This regulation should be solely for the purpose of facilitation and acceleration of banks project lending operations.

**Note 4:** Presumption of assurance on the recovery of principal and interest of extended loans requires that banks' boards of directors and officials adopt the following measures:

- 1. Appraise projects' feasibility report, assure the validity and accuracy of project documents' assumptions and forecasts with reference to market benchmarks and realities, and preclude fallacious advance billings, over invoicing of documents and other corrupt practices.
- 2. Verify the expertise, competence, experience, and creditworthiness of project owners (executives) and presume assurance for proper implementation of projects.
- 3. Set a properly balanced and acceptable sharing of projects estimated outlays between banks' facilities and clients' paid up cash construction in a way that first the implementation of the project would be feasible for the clients and second there would be sufficient incentive for the client to implement the project fully and bring it to completion in a timely manner.
- **4.** Design and conclude a precise and comprehensive contract, encompassing detailed loan disbursement table and the flow of funds for project implementation, and set the scope of responsibility and the authority of each party (the bank and the client) and the description of process through which the projects' future earnings would be collected with valid loan collateral and guarantees.
- 5. Oversight and close monitoring of project process by the banks with special emphasis on proper and timely loan disbursement on the approved projects, prevention of higher than approved budget project funding and preclusion of the use of funds outside the scope of the approved project. Due consideration should be given to the capacity of Islamic contracts under the Law for Usury Free Banking and note should be taken to stipulate all required legal and judiciary requirements in contracts with banks' clients to ensure banks oversight on the use of funds in all stages of project implementation. The aim of banks oversight and monitoring would be to ensure the common interests of the bank and the client through partnership, and to prevent disbursement of excess loan, provision of false and forged documentation, over invoicing, and other corrupt practices.
- **6.** The final stage of project lending under civil partnership relates to income recognition, profits sharing between the banks and project owners, banks claim recovery, and allocation of recovered funds to banks' term investment deposit holders. Should any disagreement or dispute arise at this stage, the matters should be negotiated with fair and just approach. If disputes are not settled, the banks are responsible to resolve the case by utilizing other dispute settlement mechanisms or take legal actions if necessary.
- 7. Creditworthiness evaluation and credit scoring of clients will form the basis of banks loan and credit facilities extension to their clients. One major determining factor in creditworthiness and scoring of banks' clients would be the amount of loan

and credit facilities which are approved by the banks for their clients. The credit scoring of banks' clients will be conducted either by the banks themselves or by independent credit rating agencies which will be established accordingly. For loan and credit facility contracts of more than Rls. 100 billion, a copy of the loan contract and the bank credit scoring report of the client should be submitted to the CBI.

The CBI is mandated to design and provide to the banks the guidelines regarding clients scoring and rating mechanism for the processing of the loan and credit applications. The scoring guideline should encompass data on the estimated value of investment, projections on production required loan and credit (feasibility study of the project, as well as the credit report and credit history of the applicants).

**Note 5:** The banks are authorized to raise funds and make financial obligations and commitments in their project financing and lending operations only if they meet standard banking practices and CBI guidelines regarding the availability of funds and the proper management of banks funding procedures. Banks should not approve financial commitments and obligations beyond their funding availabilities and with recourse to and reliance on CBI funding. In the loan and credit contracts with clients, the banks should clearly specify the sources of the funds which will be made available to their clients and clearly express that the loan approval is conditional on fund availabilities.

**Article 15-** With loan repayments and reduction of clients' commitments and with debtors' written requests, the banks are authorized to gradually reduce and release customers' collaterals proportionately. However, banks holding of collaterals should in a way be lower than the outstanding debt and commitments of credit recipients. The banks are also authorized to make arrangements with other banks to use joint collaterals, in which case one of the banks will perform the role of the lead bank.

**Article 16-** Gharz-al-hasaneh loans and facilities shall be approved within their own executive guidelines with due consideration of the following points:

- Gharz-al-hasaneh account deposits are to be committed with good faith intentions and on bona fide grounds without due
  expectation of materialistic compensation and interest payments. In order to encourage and reward depositors, bank should
  stick to CBI guidelines on Gharz-al-hasaneh loans and avoid unnecessary and unhealthy competition and luxurious
  materialistic incentives.
- 2. The incentive structure for Gharz-al-hasaneh depositors, type of rewards, and the banks' marketing strategies should be carried out in line with CBI guidelines. Individual rewards in each case should not exceed Rls. 250 million or equivalent of that for locally produced goods. Banks lotteries will be conducted simultaneously within a ten-day period, twice per year.
- **3.** Gharz-al-hasaneh loans and facilities will be granted within the framework of pertinent bylaws to meet the emergency requirements of the needy applicants at the maximum level of Rls. 10 million for undocumented loans and Rls. 20 million for individuals of married couples (Rls. 40 million in total for the couple).
  - The banks can only charge four percent per annum as service charge and compensation of Gharz-al-hasaneh depositors' rewards on these loans. These measures do not apply to Gharz-al-hasaneh Bank which has its own regulations.
- **4.** Banks are authorized to accept any number of gold coins as Gharz-al-hasaneh deposits, and loan them out of Gharz-al-hasaneh. However, in their loan approval, the banks cannot loan out more than ten full Bahar Azadi gold coins on each individual loans case.

**Article 17-** Banks' mobilized funds through Gharz-al-hasaneh savings deposits, after provisions are made for CBI reserve requirements, are to be used only for Gharz-al-hasaneh loan facilities and the banks are not allowed to use these funds for other purposes. The banks have to make the necessary adjustments in their Gharz-al-hasaneh loan approvals and provisions so as to balance the Gharz-al-hasaneh deposits and Gharz-al-hasaneh loans in their balance sheets. These adjustments should be made before the end of 1388.

# Fourth Five-Year Development Plan (4<sup>th</sup> FYDP) 1384-1388 (2005/06-2009/10)

The 4<sup>th</sup> FYDP was formulated with a view to realities of the Iranian economy and with regard to the experiences gained from the implementation of the previous five-year development plans. Creating appropriate ground for rapid economic growth, establishing proactive interaction with the global economy, enhancing economic competitiveness, restructuring the government, improving standards of living, maintaining social justice, and providing national security are among the main objectives of the 4<sup>th</sup> Plan.

The following are some of the highlights of the 4<sup>th</sup> Plan:

### **Monetary and Credit Policies**

- 1. The composition of members of the Money and Credit Council (MCC) is changed and the Governor of CBI is appointed as the chairman of the MCC.
- **2.** Composition of the General Assembly of the CBI is changed and the President is nominated as the chairman of the Assembly. Governor of the CBI is appointed by the President upon the approval of the Assembly.
- **3.** Since the beginning of the 4<sup>th</sup> Plan, any allocation of banking facilities by the government in the form of sectoral or regional, as well as priorities concerning the sectors and regions shall be carried out through giving incentives to the banking system. Obligations of banks to provide facilities at lower rates are permissible provided that they are financed by the government subsidy or administered funds.
- **4.** To secure economic growth, curb inflation and enhance productivity of the banking system, the government is bound to reduce its indebtedness to the Central Bank of Iran (CBI) and other banks during the 4<sup>th</sup> Plan. Moreover, it is determined that increase in the balance of banks' directed credits shall be reduced by 20 percent per year during the 4<sup>th</sup> Plan, compared to the approved figure for 1383 (2004/05).
- **5.** To create an appropriate and sound financial structure in banks and facilitate banks' presence in international financial markets, the international standards and requirements concerning banks' Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) shall be observed, being determined by the MCC. The government is obliged to recapitalize banks whose CARs are less than the level determined by the MCC.
- **6.** To implement monetary policy, CBI is authorized to issue participation papers and other similar instruments in compliance with Islamic contracts upon approval of the Parliament.
  - 7. To maintain public confidence in the banking system, a deposit insurance system shall be established.

### Foreign Exchange and Trade Policies

- **8.** To regulate the country's external debt and obligations, it is determined that the net present value of total external debts and obligations should not exceed \$30 billion by the last year of the 4<sup>th</sup> Plan. The commercial and specialized banks are authorized to finance investment projects of private sector through international financial market, without government guarantee, provided that the above-mentioned ceiling be observed.
- **9.** To streamline export policies and eliminate the barriers, the High Council on Non-oil Export Promotion will be established. Moreover, levying of any tax or tariff for non-oil exports is prohibited during the 4<sup>th</sup> Plan. All non-tariff barriers are either eliminated or converted to tariff.

### **Fiscal Policy**

10. To stabilize the level of utilization of crude oil export revenues and its conversion to other reserves and investment, and to streamline the activities foreseen in the Plan, it is stipulated that the "Oil Stabilization Fund" (OSF) be established. The sources of the OSF include the surplus of oil income in excess of figures projected in this Law, in addition to the balance carried over from the 3<sup>rd</sup> Plan. Utilization of the OSF to finance deficit resulted from non-oil revenues is prohibited, and the government is authorized to use OSF merely in case of reduction in oil export revenues as compared to projected figures, and when it would not be possible to meet the approved appropriations through the general revenue and disposal of financial assets. Moreover, the government is authorized to extend up to a maximum of 50 percent of the balance of OSF to the private sector in the form of forex-denominated facilities to make investment and partially finance entrepreneurial projects in manufacturing, agriculture and other sectors that could generate foreign exchange.

- 11. To establish fiscal discipline, the government is required to increase the ratio of expenses financed through non-oil revenues in such a way as to enable the government to meet its expenses entirely through tax and other non-oil revenues by the end of the 4<sup>th</sup> Plan. Moreover, financing budget deficit through borrowing from banks and the CBI is prohibited. Granting any discount, privilege or exemption to the taxpayers other than those approved by the relevant laws is not permissible.
- 12. To secure the continuity of the privatization program, the government is authorized to transfer, liquidate and merge public corporations.

### **Capital Market**

13. The Stock Exchange Council is required to take measures for geographical expansion of stock exchange, establishment and expansion of specialized markets such as commodity exchange, establishment of over-the-counter securities market, and interaction with regional and global stock exchanges. The CBI and the Ministry of Economic Affairs and Finance are obliged to pave the way for foreign investment attraction in the country's capital market as well as the internationalization of the Tehran Stock Exchange (TSE).

E	<b>Economic Indicators During the 4<sup>th</sup> FYDP</b>					
	1384	1385	1386	1387	1388	Period average
GDP (at constant 1381 prices)	7.1	7.4	7.8	8.4	9.3	8.0
Gross fixed capital formation	11.3	11.0	11.7	12.9	14.1	12.2
Aggregate consumption expenditure	4.8	5.5	5.9	6.4	7.4	6.0
GDP (per head)						6.6
Inflation	14.6	11.5	9.1	7.9	6.8	9.9
Liquidity (M2)	24.0	22.0	20.0	18.0	16.2	20.0
Non-oil exports	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7
Imports	5.0	6.5	6.2	8.9	6.6	6.6
Unemployment rate (percent)					8.4	
Productivity of labor						3.5
TFP						2.5
Gini coefficient (0-1)					0.38	
HDI (max.1)					0.820	
Below relative poverty line (percent)					7	

# Correspondence of Iranian and Gregorian Calendars $^{\left( 1\right) }$

Month		1384		1385		1386		1387		1388	
		<u>2005</u>		<u>2006</u>		2007		2008		2009	
Farvardin	1	March	21	March	21	March	21	March	20	March	21
	31	April	20	April	20	April	20	April	19	April	20
Ordibehesht	1	April	21	April	21	April	21	April	20	April	21
	31	May	21	May	21	May	21	May	20	May	21
Khordad	1	May	22	May	22	May	22	May	21	May	22
	31	June	21	June	21	June	21	June	20	June	21
Tir	1	June	22	June	22	June	22	June	21	June	22
	31	July	22	July	22	July	22	July	21	July	22
Mordad	1	July	23	July	23	July	23	July	22	July	23
	31	Aug	22	Aug	22	Aug	22	Aug	21	Aug	22
Shahrivar	1	Aug	23	Aug	23	Aug	23	Aug	22	Aug	23
	31	Sept	22	Sept	22	Sept	22	Sept	21	Sept	22
Mehr	1	Sept	23	Sept	23	Sept	23	Sept	22	Sept	23
	30	Oct	22	Oct	22	Oct	22	Oct	21	Oct	22
Aban	1	Oct	23	Oct	23	Oct	23	Oct	22	Oct	23
	30	Nov	21	Nov	21	Nov	21	Nov	20	Nov	21
Azar	1	Nov	22	Nov	22	Nov	22	Nov	21	Nov	22
	30	Dec	21	Dec	21	Dec	21	Dec	20	Dec	21
Dey	1	Dec	22	Dec	22	Dec	22	Dec	21	Dec	22
		<u>2006</u>		<u>2007</u>		2008		2009		<u>2010</u>	
	30	Jan	20	Jan	20	Jan	20	Jan	19	Jan	20
Bahman	1	Jan	21	Jan	21	Jan	21	Jan	20	Jan	21
	30	Feb	19	Feb	19	Feb	19	Feb	18	Feb	19
Esfand	1	Feb	20	Feb	20	Feb	20	Feb	19	Feb	20
	29/30	March	20	March	20	March	19	March	20	March	20

<sup>(1)</sup> There are 31 days in each of the first six months of the Iranian calendar, 30 days in each of the next 5 months and 29 days in the last month, except in leap year when it has 30 days.